

# የኢትዮጵያ አ<u>አምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን</u> Ethiopian Intellectual Property Authority

# የአእምሯዊ ንብረት ጋዜጣ Intellectual Property Gazette

ቅጽ 21 ቁጥር 25 ነሐሴ 02/2017 Vol. 21 No.25 August 8/ 2025 የተቃውሞ ጥሪ ለግንዛቤዎ መረጃ



www.eipa.gov.et



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

**Trademark** Cautionary

## ማውጫ / CONTENTS



1 የንባዮ ምልክት ተቀውሞ

ቅጽ 21 ቁጥር, 25 Vol. 21 No. 25 የኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን Ethiopian Intellectual Property Authority

Notice/			K Cautionary
2.የባል <i>ጋ</i> ሎት ሞዴ	ል የተቃዉሞ ተ	८५ /Cai	utionary No-
tice/	ቢቢሎግራፊክ	መረጃ	/Bibliographic
Data/		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	49
3.	ል ሠርተፈኪት የ	ታሰው UTII	ITY MODEL
TITLES GRAN	1 ヒレ		55



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

#### **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

#### የንግድ\_ምልክት\_የፌቃድ ውል\_ጣስታወቂያ

ክኖር - የህርሚተቴ ሕክቲፕ በስቴሻፍት (Knorr-Nahrmittel Aktiengesellschaft ) ሕዬራሻ፡ (Bahnhofstrasse 19, Thayngen, CH-8240, Switzerland) የሆነ ከዚህ በታች በተዘረዘረሙ የጓግድ ምቴክት ካይ በኢትዮጵያ ብቸኛ ባከቤትና ተጠቃሚ መሆኑ በዚህ ማስታወቂያ ተገቴፅዋል። በኢትዮጵያ የተመዘገበሙ የጓግድ ምቴክት ዝርዝር

ንግድ ምልክት	የጣመልከቻ ቁዋር	የጣስታወቂያዎቹ ቁዋርና ቀን
KNORR	FTM/1219	አዲስ ዘመን ቁጥር. Addis Zemen 27/07/2007 Vol No. LXXIV- 207

የጓግጽ ምቴክቱ የሚውከው ክፍ ብኩ በተቀመጠው ማስታወቂያ ካይ ከተጠቀሰው ዕቃዎች ሲሆን የጓግጽ ምቴክቱ ማስታወቂያው ካይ ይገኛል። ባከቤቱ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት ካይ ያከውን የባከቤትነት መብት በፈቃጽ ውቴ ከዩኒኬቨር ማኑፋክቸሪንግ ፕሬይ ት ኪሚትጽ ካምፓኒ. (Unilever Manufacturing Private Limited Company) አጽራሻ፡ Lemi Kura, Woreda 8, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia ከሆነ ጽርጅት ያስተካከፈ ሲሆን ይህም በኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ጉብረት ባከስቴጣን በተመዘገበ የፈቃጽ ውቴ ሰርተፍጌት ተረጋግጧል። ስከሆነም ማንኛውም ግከሰብ ወይም የህግ ሰውነት ያከው ተቋም ካከባከቤቱ አና ፍቃጽ ውቴ ተቀባይ ፍቃጽ ውጪ በነዚህ ምቴክቶች ቢጠቀም ወይም አስመስኩ ቢሰራ በህግ ክስ ይመሰረትቢታቴ።

#### የኢትዮጵያ አዕምሯዊ ንብረት ባከስኬጣን

#### ለግንዛቤዎ

ንባድ ምልክት ጣለት የአንድን ሰው *ዕቃዎች ፣ምርቶች እና አገ*ልባሎቶች ከሌሎች ሰዎች እቃዎች ፣ምርቶች ወይም *አገ*ልባሎቶች ለመለየት የሚያስችል የሚታይ ምስል ነው፡፡

ምልክቱ ቃላቶች፣ንድፎች፣ዲዛይኖች ፣ፊደሎች ፣ቁጥሮች ቀለሞች ወይም ቃሎችና ምልክቶች ይይዛል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

TATES AND TO THE TOTAL PROPERTY AUTHORITY

## የንባድ ምልክት እድሳት ማስታወቂያ

1.የንማድ ምልክት ባለቤት ስም፡ ሮታም ሊሚትድ (ROTAM LIMITED) አድራሻ፡ Unite 6, 26/F,

Trend Centre, 29 Cheung Lee, Chai Wan, Hong Kong

2. የማመልከቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/3531/2015



3. ንግድ ምልክት፡

4.ባለቤቱ <u>የንማድ ምልክቱን የሚጠቀምበት</u> በ**1/04/2003**ዓ.ም በ**Vol-LXX No. 091** አዲስ ዘመን ላይ በወጣው ማስታወቂያ ላይ ለተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አንልግሎቶች ነው::

5.የንግድ ምልክቱ ኢኤ.አ ከ08/09/2022 <u>እስከ</u> 08/09/2029G.C እ.ኤ.አ ታድሷል። በመሆኑም ማንኛዉም ሰዉ ከለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ የንግድ ምልክት ከተጠቀም በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል። የኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

#### የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

## <u>የንፃድ ምልክት አድሰት ማስታወቂያ</u>

1.የንባድ ምልክት ባለቤት ስም፡ ፌዴሬሲዮን ናሽናል ዲ ካፍቴሮስ ዲኢ ኮሎምቢያ (FEDERACION NACIONAL DE CAFETEROS DE COLOMBIA) አድራሻ፡ TR. Vaclava Klementa 869, CZ-293 60, Mlada Boleslay

2. <u>የማ</u>ማልከቻ <u>ቁጥር</u>: **FTM/3766/2014** 



3. የንባድ ምልክት፡

4.ባለቤቱ <u>የን</u>ማድ ምልክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በ**23/11/99** ዓ.ም በ**Vol**-LXXVI No. 323 አዲስ ዘመን ላይ በውጣው ማስታውቂያ ላይ ለተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አንልማሎቶች ነው።

5.የንባድ <u>ምልክቱ እ.ኤ.አ</u> ከ11/07/2021 <u>እስከ</u> 11/07/2028 እ.ኤ.አ ታድሷል። በጦሆኑም ማንኛዉም ሰዉ ከለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ የንባድ ምልክት ከተጠቀሞ በኢትዮጵያ ህባ ይጠየቃል።



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ማስታወቂያ

የፕግድ ምክክት ባከቤት - ደብል ካይን ታየር አልቲዲ (DOUBLE COIN TYRE LTD.) አጽራሻ፡ 2613 Jian Chuan Road Shanghai China.

የጥበቃ ጊዜው፡ 'n 15/02/2023 አስከ 25/5/2030

የተመዘገበው የጓግጽ ምቴክት ዝርዝር

<b>ኘ</b> ግጽ ም <b>b</b> ክት	የማመከከቻ	የጣስታወቂያዎቹ ቁጥር አና ቀኝ	
	ቀጥር	አ <mark>ዴ</mark> ስ ዘመን	<del></del> ፈራቴድ
WYNSTAR	FTM/7121	02/02/2008	08/10/2016
		Vol.No.	Vol.LXXIII-
		LXXVI-032	24
万卅法	FTM/712	17/05/2009	19/01/2017
刀匠区	4	Vol.No.	Vol.No.
		LXXVI-137	LXXVI-112

6 . ይህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት የታደሰ በመሆኑም ጣጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጭ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል።

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮአዊ ንብረት ባከስከጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

የንግድ ምልክት እድሳት ጣስታወቂያ

የጓግድ ምቴክት ባከቤት - (CHINA TOBACCO HUNAN INDUSTRIAL CO.,

LTD.) ሽያራሻ፡ No. 188, Section 3, Wanjiali Middle Road, Changsha,

Hunan, People's Republic of China

የጥበቃ ጊዜው፡ 'ከ 24/10/2024 እስከ 24/10/2031

የተመዘገበው የጓግድ ምቴክት ዝርዝር

የተመጠጠው የተገጽ ነ ንግድ ምኬክት	የጣመከከቻ	የጣስታወቂያዎቹ ቁጥር አና ቀን
	ቁጥር	አዷስ ዘመ3
•		24/04/2011
XXI		Vol No. LXX
	FTM/8148	
Sharangar Raman		24/04/2011
- January -		Vol No. LXXVIII-114
	FTM/814	7 011 101 2121 111
0	9	
11/2		
		29/08/2009 Vol No.LXXVI-
Marshal	FTM/814 6	No 239

6 . ይህ የጓግድ ምቴክት የታደሰ በመሆኑም ጣጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጭ በዚህ የጓግድ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል። የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮአዊ ንብረት ባከስቴጣን



#### **Intellectual Property** Gazette

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# የንባድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ

- 1. የጓግጽ ምክክት ባክቤት ስም፡ The Mentholatum Company, Limited አድራሻ: 1 Redwood Avenue, Peel Park Campus, East Killbride, G74 5PE, Scotland
- የጣመልከቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/8977/2017

# 3. Phile grant: DEEP HEAT

- 4 . ባክቤቱ የጓግድ ምዜክቱጓ የሚጠቀምበት በ17/05/2010 ዓ . ም በVol-LXXVII No. 137 አደስ ዘመን ካያ በወጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካያ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገዜግኩቶች ነው : :
- 5. የንግድ ምሬክቱ አ.ኤ.አ ከ03/10/2024 አስከ 03/10/2031 አ.ኤ.አ ታድሏል። በመሆኑም ጣኘኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ የኘግድ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ሀግ ይጠየቃል።

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባከስከጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# <u>የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ</u>

- 1. የጓግጽ ምክክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ESSITY HYGIENE AND HEALTH AKTIEBOLAG አድራሻ፡ SE-405 03 Goteborg, Sweden
- የማመቴካቻ ቁጥር፡FTM/9055/2017

# **ESSITY**

- 3 . የፕግድ ምቴክት፡
- 4 . ባከቤቱ የጓግጽ ምክክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በ06/02/2011 ዓ . ም በVol-LXXVIII No. 036 አጺስ ዘመን ካይ በወጣው ማስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገቴግሎቶት ነው : :
- 5. የጓግጽ ምቴክቱ አ.ኤ.አ ከ25/10/2024 አስከ 25/10/2031 አ.ኤ.አ ታድሷል። በመሆኑም ጣጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃጽ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል። የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ጓብረት ባከስልጣጓ



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# <u>የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ</u>

- 1.የጓግጽ ምክክት ባከቤት ስም፡ (ኖቫርቲስ ኢጂ) NOVARTIS AG) አድራሻ፣ 4002 Basel, Switzerland
- የጣመሬከቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/9144/2017
- 3. PYTE PUBLISH: EGATEN
- 4 . ባክቤቱ የጓግድ ምክክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በ20/10/2011 ዓ . ም በVol-LXXVIII No. 020 አደሰ ዘመን ካይ በወጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገከግሎቶች ነው : :
- 5. የንግጽ ምልክቱ አ.ኤ.አ ከ07/12/2024 አስከ 07/12/2031 አ.ኤ.አ ታጽሷል። በመሆኑም ማጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ የንግጽ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል። የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባከስልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

# የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ግስታወቂያ

- 1.የፕግጽ ምቴክት ባስቤት ስም፡ UNICHARM GULF HYGIENIC INDUSTRIES LTD አድራሻ፡ P.O. Box 99883, Riyadh 11625, SAUDI ARABIA
- 2. የማመኔከቻ ቁጥር: FTM/9218/2017



- 3. የጓግጽ ምክክት፡
- 4 .ባክቤቱ የጎግጽ ምቴክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በ10/12/2010 ዓ .ም በVol-LXXVII No. 340 አደስ ዘመን ካይ በመጣው ማስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ሰቃዎችና አገቴግሎቶች ነው : :
- 5 . የንግጽ ምቴክቱ አ . ኤ . አ ነነ27/12/2024 አስነነ 27/12/2031 አ . ኤ . አ ታድሷል። በመሆኑም ማንኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃጽ በዚህ የንግጽ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል።

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባከስከጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ማስታወቂያ

1.የጓግድ ምዜክት ባከቤት ስም፡ LENZING AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT አድራሻ :

Werkstr 2, 4860 Lenzing Austria

- 2. P99oobIn#4/YC:FTM/9245/2017
- 3.79g graph: VEOCEL
- 4 . ባከቤቱ የጓግጽ ምቴክነቱን የሚጠቀምበት በባ . ም በ 20/01/2013 አጺስ ዘመን ካይ በወጣው Vol-No. 020 LXXX ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ስቃዎችና አገቴግኬቶች ነው : :
- 5. የጓግጽ ምክክቱ አ.ኤ.አ ከ04/01/2025 አስከ 04/01/2032 አ.ኤ.አ ታዩሷል። በመሆኑም ማጓኛዉም ሰመ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምክክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል። የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ጉበረት ባከስልጣን

# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብሬት ባለስልጣን ETHIPIAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AUTHORITY

# የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ

1.የጓግጽ ምክክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ጀሴፍ ሽግቴ ኤጂ (Joseph Vögele AG) አድራሻ፦ Joseph-Vogele-Strafte 1, 67067 Ludwigshafen, Germany

- 2. የጣመልከቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/9396
- 3. የጥበቃ ጊዜመ፡ ከ 27/02/2025G.C አስከ 27/02/2032 G.C
- 4 . የጓግድ ምክክት፡

5. ባከቤቱ የንግጽ ምቴክነቱን የሚጠቀምበት በአጺስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 08/04/2012 Vol No. LXXVIII-300 በወጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገቴግኩቶች ነው ። 6. ይህ የንግጽ ምቴክት የታደሰ በመሆኑ ጣንኛውም ሰው ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃጽ ውጭ በዚህ የንግጽ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል::

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮአዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን

# Intellectual Property Gazette

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

『たみとかり トンタン フィング りんかんゆう ETHIPIAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AUTHORITY

#### የንባድ ምልክት እድሳት ማስታወቂያ

1.የጓግድ ምቴክት ባከቤት ስም፦ ማርጋሬታ ኢጓተርናስናቴ ቪኤምቢኤቹ (Margaretha International GmbH)

እድራሻ፡- 9720 Wilshire Boulevard, 6th Floor, Beverly Hills, California 90212

U.S.A

- የጣመከነቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/9496
- 3. የጥበቃ ጊዜው፡ ከ 04/04/2025G.C ሕስከ 04/04/2032 G.C
- 4 . የጓግድ ምቴክት፡
- 5. ባከቤቱ የጓግጽ ምኬክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በአጺስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 30/10/2011 Vol No. LXXVIII-300 በወጣው ማስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገቴግሎቶች ነው ።
- 6. ይህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት የታዩሰ በመሆኑ ጣጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃጽ ውጭ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃቴ::

የኢትዮጵያ አእምሮአዊ ንብረት ባለሰልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

## የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ

1.የኘግጽ ምቴክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ዛዩፕዴያ ዜሺይ ኢፕዱስትፈስ ሲኦ ኤቴቲዲ ( Hyundai Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.)

አድራሻ፡- 1 Jeonha-dong, Dong-ku, Ulsan 682-792, Republic of Korea

- 2. የጣመልካቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/9692
- 3. የጥበቃ ጊዜመ፡ ከ 03/04/2025G.C አስከ 03/04/2032 G.C
- 4. የጓግድ ምክክት።

# **HYUNDAI ELECTRIC**

- 5. ባከቤቱ የጓግድ ምቴክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በሕዴስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 04/06/2012 Vol No. LXXIX-154 በመጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገቴግሎቶች ነው ።
- 6. ይህ የንግድ ምቴክት የታደሰ በመሆኑ ማንኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጭ በዚህ የንግድ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃቴ::

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮአዊ ንብረት ባለሰልጣን

### የአእምሯዊ ንብረት Intellectual Property Gazette

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

#### **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

「たみかたり おみがませ つれるす りんれんのつ ETHIPIAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AUTHORITY

#### የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ

1. የፕግጽ ምեክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ቻይና ፔትሮኬሚካե ኮርፖሬሽን ( CHINA PETROCHEMICAL CORPORATION )

አድሬጣ፡ - 22 CHAOYANGMEN NORTH STREET, CHAOYANG

DISTRICT 100728 BEUING, CHINA

- 2 . የጣመልካቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/9728
- 3 . የጥበቃ ጊዜው፡ ከ 21/06/2025G.C አስከ 21/06/2032 G.C
- 4 . የፕግድ ምኬክት፡
- 5. ባከቤቱ የጓግጽ ምቴክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በአጺስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 08/04/2012 Vol No. LXXIX-098 በመጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገቴግሎቶች ነው ።
- 6 . ይህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት የታጸሰ በመሆኑ ጣጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃጽ : ውጭ በዚህ የጓግድ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃቴ : :





#### የአእምሯዊ ንብረት Intellectual Property Gazette

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

#### **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

#### የንግድ ምልክት እድሳት ጣስታወቂያ

1.የጓግድ ምቴክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ጣሪዮት ወርቴድዋይድ ኮርፖሬሽጓ (

Marriott Worldwide Corporation )

አድራղ፡- 7750 Wisconsin Avenue, Bethesda, Maryland 20814,

United States of America

- የጣመል'በቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/9734
- 3. የጥበቃ ጊዜው፡ ከ 21/06/2025G.C አስከ 21/06/2032 G.C
- 4. የጓግድ ምክክት፡
- 5. ባከቤቱ የንግጽ ምቴክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በአዪስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 04/06/2013 Vol No. LXXX-154 በመጣሙ ጣስታመቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገኴግሎቶች ነው ።
- 6. ይህ የፕግድ ምቴክት የታደሰ በመሆኑ ጣፕኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጭ በዚህ የኘግጽ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል::



### የአእምሯዊ ንብረት Intellectual Property Gazette

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

#### **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

#### የንግድ\_ምልክት\_አድሳት\_ማስታወቂያ

1. የጓግድ ምቴክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ( PepsiCo, Inc. ) ፔፕሲኮ, ኢጓክ.

አድራሻ፦ : \_700 Anderson Hill Road, Purchase, New York

10577, U.S.A

- 2. የጣመልካቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/9745
- 3. የጥበቃ ጊዜው፡ ከ 30/06/2025G.C አስከ 30/06/2032 G.C



- 5. ባከቤቱ የጓግጽ ምቴክቱጓ የሚጠቀምበት በአጺስ ዘመኝ ጋዜጣ በቀኝ 27/09/2003 Vol No. LXX-267 በመጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገኴግሎቶች ነው ።
- 6. ይህ የጓግድ ምቴክት የታደሰ በመሆኑ ጣጓኛውም ሰመ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጭ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል::

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮአዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

#### <u>የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ</u>

1.ዮፕግድ ምክክት ባክቤት ስም፡ ጣሪዮት መርክድዋይድ ኮርፖሬስፕ (Marriott Worldwide Corporation) አድራካ፡- 7750 Wisconsin Avenue, Bethesda, Maryland 20814, United States of America

- 2. የጣመኔነነቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/10043
- 3. የጥበቃ ጊዜመ፡ ከ 30/04/2025G.C አስከ 30/04/2032 G.C
- 4. የጎግጽ ምክክት፡

BONVOY

- 5. ባከቤቱ የጓግድ ምቴክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በአዲስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 08/07/2013 Vol No. LXXX-188 በወጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገልግሎቶች ነው ።
- 6. ይህ የጓግድ ምቴክት የታደሰ በመሆኑ ጣጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጭ በዚህ የጓግድ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል::

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮአዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን

# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

『たみかかり カルアンマ ライイン りんかなべつ ETHIPIAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AUTHORITY

## የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ

1.የጓግጽ ምቴክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ማሪዮት መርቴጽዋይጽ ኮርፖሬሽኝ (Marriott Worldwide Corporation)

አድራሻ፦ 7750 Wisconsin Avenue, Bethesda, Maryland 20814, United

States of America

- 2. የጣመልከቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/10044
- 3. የጥበቃ ጊዜው፡ 'n 30/04/2025G.C አስከ 30/04/2032 G.C

4. የጓግድ ምክክት፡

MARRIOTT BONVOY

- 5. ባከቤቱ የንግድ ምቴክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በአጺስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 08/07/2013 Vol. No. LXXX-188 በወጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገቴግሎቶች ነው ።
- 6. ይህ የጓግድ ምቴክት የታደሰ በመሆኑ ማጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጭ በዚህ የጓግድ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃቴ::

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮአዊ ንብረት ባለሰልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

#### የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

#### **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

2.	ግመልክቻው ንቢ የሆንበት ቀንና ቁጥር	14/12/2023 አሉአ FTM/14704/23
3.	የንግድ ምልክቱ ስዕላዊ መግስጫ	የምስል
4.	P77£ Faht	
5.	ዓስም-አቀፍ ምድብ	09 AV 11
6.	የብぞናነት መብት ያለመጠቀም መማለጫ	1'A9"
-	m-LLX- amVoox- masy.	

ማመልክቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች፣

ምድብ 09፡ የኤሌክትሪክ አጠቃቀምን እና ስርጭትን ለማስተላለፍ፣ ለመቀየር፣ ለመለውጥ፣ ለማከማቾት፣ ለመመጠን ወይም ለመቆጣጠር የሚውሉ አፓራተሶች እና መሳሪያዎች፣ አለክትሪክ አኩሙሴተሮችን የሚያካትቱ የአለክትሪክ አፓራተሶች፣ የአለክትሪክ ባትሪዎች፣ የአለክትሪክ ማገናኛዎች (ኮኔክተርስ)፣ የአለክትሪክ አዳፕተሮች፣ የአለክትሪክ ንመዶች (ኮርድስ)፣የአለክትሪክ ካፕሊንንች፣ የአለክትሪክ ስዊቾች፣ ሜትሮች፣ የቻርጅ ሜትሮች፣ የአለክትሪክ ፍሰት ሜትሮች፣ የአለክትሪክ ሜትሮች፣ አለክትሪክ ማመንጫ የሶሳር ሴሎች እና ፓናሎች፣ የሶሳር ባትሪዎች፣ ኤሌክትሪክ ለማመንጨት የሚውሉ የሶሳር ሴሎች፣ አለክትሪክ ለማመንጨት የሚውሉ ሶሳር ኮኔክተሮች፣ በሶሳር ሃይል የሚሰሩ እፓራተሶች፣ አለክትሪክ ለማመንጨት የሚውሉ ሶላር ፓናሎች፣ የአለክትሪክ መቀያየሪያዎች (ኢንቨርተሮች)፣ ፎቶቮልቴይክ፣ A HICTEF! PIBA A HICTEF! AA/AA, A HICTEF! AA/AA, A HICTEF! PPUBA መተማበሪያዎች፣ ምባይል ስልኮች፣ ተንተሳታሽ ራዲዮዎች፣ የምባይል ሶፍትዌር፣ ንመድ አልባ ስልኮች፣ የስልክ መሰዋመጫዎች፣ የስልክ ንመዶችን እና ባትሪዎችን (የምባይል ባትሪዎችን) ጨምሮ፣ የስልክ መልስ መስጫ ማሽኖች፣ የኢንተርኔት ስልኮች፣ ንመድ አልባ ስልኮች፣ የጆሮ ማዳመጫዎች እና ለንመድ አልባ እና ለሽቦ አልባ ስልኮች የሚውሉ አንቱናዎች፣ ለምባይል ስልኮች የሚውሉ ቻርጀሮች፣ ለምባይል ስልኮች የሚውሉ መስዋወጫዎች፣ ለንመድ አልባ የኢንትኔት እክስስ እና የኦላይን ቀጥታ ስርጭት የሚውሉ የኮሙኒኬሽን እፓራተሶች እና መሳሪያዎች፣ ለመኪና ስልኮች እና ለሞባይል ስልኮች እና ለሞባይል ስልኮች የሚውሉ ክእጅ ነፃ የሆኑ መሳሪያዎች፣ መኪና ውስጥ ለስልክ መያዣንት የሚያነለግሉ ማዕቀፎች፣ የሞባይል ስልክ መደገናዎች፣ ለሞባይል ስልኮች የሚውሉ መደገና ዕታዎች፣ ክላይ ለተጠቀሱት ምርቶች የሚውሉ በምድብ 09 ውስጥ የተካተቱ ክፍሎች እና መንጣስሚያዎች ምድብ 11፡ ለመብራት፣ ለመቀት፣ ለማቀዝቀዝ፤ እንፋለ-ት ለማመንጨት፤ ለማብለል፤ ለማድረት፤ ለማፍረስ፤ ለውሃ አቅርበት እና ለንለዘና



# Intellectual Property Gazette

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

የሚውሱ የሙቀት ማከማቻ መሳሪያዎች (በሶላር ሃይል የሚስሩ)፤ የኤሌክትሪክ ፕሬዥር ኩክሮች፤ ማብሰያ መሳሪያዎች፤ የኤሌክትሪክ ምጣዶች፤ የብረት ምድጃዎች፤ ስማሞቅ፤ እንፋሎት ስማመንጨት፤ ስማብሰል እና ስማድረቅ አባልግሎቶች የሚውሱ ኤሌክትሮተርማል የሆኑ የቤት ውስጥ መገልገያ መሳሪያዎች፤ የድንገተኛ መብራቶች [በባትሪ የሚስራ የመብራት አፓራተስ]፤ የኤሌክትሪክ ማቀዝቀዣዎች፤ የኤሌክትሪክ ነፋስ መስጫዎች፤ የኤሌክትሪክ የመብራት መገጣጠሚያዎች ናቸው።

አመልካች፡ ግሪንላይት ፐላኔት ኬንያ ሊሚትድ (GREENLIGHT PLANET KENYA LIMITED)፣ ከላይ የተመለተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝንብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል። ስለሆነም ለምዝንባው ተቃዋሚ ካለ ይህ የ ኃዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ60 ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝንብ እንዳይንባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አለምሯዊ ንብሬት ባለስልጣን ካልቀረበ በስተቀር ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን።



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

	የንባድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃውሞ ተሪ ማስታወቂያ				
1	የአመልካቸ ስም ፡- ካፕስቶን ኢንጅነሪንግ				
	የአመልካቸ አድራሻ፡- ወረዳ 08 የቤት ቁተ	rC 626 , የካ , አዲስ አበባ ኢትዮጵያ			
2	የማመልከቻ ቁጥር ፡- LTM/17518/2016				
	ማመልከቻው <i>ነ</i> ቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 24/11/2	016 E.C.			
3	ምልክት፡-				
4.	የምልከቱ መግለጫ፡-	የቃልና ምስል			
	የቀለም ዓይነት፡- ብርቱካናማ ስማያዊ				
5.	የብቸኛነት መብት አለመጠየቅ መግለጫ፡- Engineering				
6.	ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡- 37				
7.	7. ማመልከቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አንልግሎቶች				
	የህንፃ ስራ ተቋራጭ(ምድብ 37)				
1	tomak had or make to a composition of the company to the company t				

አመልካቸ ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝንብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝንብ እንዳይንባ የሚያስቸል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረት ጽ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታው ቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ማንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

	የንግድ ምልክት ምዝንባ ተቃውሞ ጥሪ ማስታወቂያ			
1	የአመልካቸ ስም ፡- አል-ሀሰን ፋድ ኢንዱስትሪ <i>ኃ</i> ላ/የተ/የግ/ማ የአመልካቸ አድራሻ፡- አዲስ አበባ /ኢትዮጵያ			
2	የማመልኪቻ ቁጥር ፡- LTM/18042/2017 ማመልኪቻው <i>ነ</i> ቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 01/04/2017 E.C.			
3	ምልክት፡-	4	የምልክቱ መግለጫ፡-የቃልና ምስል	
		5	የቀለም ዓይነት፡- ተቁር ና ነጭ	
		6	የብቸኛነት መብት አለመጠየቅ መግለጫ፡-	
	Cool		(Goma)	
	P. B. A. L. S. C.	7	ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡- 30	
8	ማምልከቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አገልግሎቶች ማስቲካ ማምረት (ምድብ 30)			

አመልካች ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝነብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝነብ እንዳይነባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረትባለስልጣን መ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ማንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



## የአእምሯዊ ንብረት Intellectual Property Gazette

## የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ Trademark Cautionary Notice

Profe Pant	77179 + + OF	ተራ ማስታወቲያ
------------	--------------	-----------

ENERGY INVESTMENTS LIMIT	ስትመንትስ ሲሚትድ ኢትዮጵያን ብራንት (GCL TED ETHIOPIAN BRANCH) አድራሻ:- Bole Sub-			
city, Woreda 6, House No. 08A, A	CONTRACTOR			
2. ማመልክቻው ንቢ የሆነበት ቀን	26/06/201/			
3. የማመልከቻ ቁጥር	LTM/18660/17			
4. የንዓድ ምልክተ፡ መማለጫ	የቃል እና ምስል			
5. የንፃድ ምልክተ፡	GIE			
6. የምልክተ ቀሰጣት	ሰማያዊ፣ አረንንዴ፣ ቀይ፣ ጥቁር እና ነጭ			

ጣመልከታው የጣስዋናቸው ምርቶች

6. አለም አቀፍ ምድብ

ምድብ 04: የኢንዱስትሪ ዘይት፣ ፒትሮሲየም፣ ድፍድፍ ዘይት፣ ጥሬ ወይም የተጣሪ ፒትሮሲየም፣የተጨመቀ የተፈጥሮ ,ንዝ፣ ፒትሮል [ክ፳]፣ ድዋደዋ ዘይት ክጅ፣ የተፈጥሮ ጋዝ፣ ፈሳሽ ፔትሮሲየም ጋዝ፣ ፈሳሽ የተፈጥሮ ጋዝ፣ ነጻጅ የሆኑ ጠጣር .ንዞች ፣ mጣር .ንዞች [ነጻጅ]፣ ፔትሮል፣ ሲዓሮይን፣ ነጻጅ .ንዝ፣ ዘይት-,ንዝ፣ ነጻጅ፣

04፣ 37፣ 40 እና 42

ምደብ 37፡ የቀፋሮ አንልዓሎት፣ የጉድጓድ ቀፋሮ፣ የዘይት ማውጣት አንልዓሎቶች፣ የተፈጥሮ ,ንዝ የጣውጣት አንልፃሎቶች፣ ዘይት ፓምፕ የጣድረፃ አንልፃሎቶች፣ የዘይት ቀፋሮ አንልማሎቶች፣ የተፈጥሮ ,ንዝ ቀፋሮ አንልማሎቶች፣ የዘይት ጉድጓድ ቀፋሮ፣ የድፍደፍ ዘይት ቁፋሮ፣ ጥልት ዘይት ወይም ጋዝ ንድንዶች ቁፋሮ፣ ንድንዶች ቁፋሮ፣ ቁፋሮ እና ዘይት ማውጣት፣ ደፍደፍ ዘይት ማውጣት አገልፃሎቶች፣

**ምደብ 40**፡ የፒትሮኬሚካል ማጣሪያ አገልማሎቶች፣ የተፈጥሮ ጋዝ ማቀነባበሪያ፣ የተፈጥሮ ,ንዝ ፈሳሽ እንዲሆን ማድረፃ፣ የፔትሮሲየም ,ንዝ ፈሳሽ እንዲሆን ማድረፃ፣ ድዋድዋ ዘይት እና ሰው ስራሽ ዘይቶችን መቀሳቀል ፤

ምድብ 42፡ ዘይት ዋለጋ፣ የጃኔለ-ጃካል ጥናት፣ የመራት ጥናት፣ የጃኔለ-ጃካል ዋለጋ፣ የዘይት ጉድጓድ ሙከራ፣ የጃአለ-ጃካል ዳሰባ ጥናቶች፣ የጃአቴክኒካል ምርመራዎች፣ ለዘይት ምርምር ትንተና፣ የመሬት ትኝት ንድፍ፣ ለነጻጅ ኢንዱስትሪ ጂአራዚካል ፍለጋ፣ ንዝ ፍለ ጋ፤ የዘይት መስክ ጻሰሳ ጥናቶች፤ የዘይት መስኮች ትንተና፤ የዘይት መተኛ*ዎ*ች እና እርሻዎች ቅኝት፣ የዘይት መስክ ጥናቶች ንድፍ፣ የዘይት፣ የ ጋዝ እና የጄአራዚካል <del>ፍለጋ የማዕድን ኢንዱስትሪዎች፣ በዘይት፣ በጋዝ እና በማዕድን ኢንዱስትሪዎች</del> ውስጥ ያሉ የፍለጋ አንልማሎቶች፣ የጄኔሎሜካል እና የአካባቢ ምህንድስና፣ የዘይት-ጉድንድ መ-ክራ፣ የማዕድናት ምደባ፣ የነጻጅ መስኮች ትንተና, ቴክኒካዊ የዳሰሳ ጥናት፣ የጉድጓድ ምዝገባ፣ የመራት መንቀጥቀጥ ትንተና፣ የጄኔሎ ጃካል ሙከራ ቁፋሮ፣ ዘይትና ጋዝ ዋለ ጋ፣ የዘይት መስክ የዳሰሳ ጥናቶች ናቸው።

አመልካት ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንፃድ ምልክት ለማስመዝገብ ጥደቀ አትርበዋል። ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ ይህ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያ በወጣ በ60 ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰውን የንፃድ ምልክት በምዝገባ እንዳይገባ የሚያስቸል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አዕምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን ካል ቀረብ በስተ ቀር ምልክተን የምንመዘንብ መሆኑን እናሳው ቃለን።



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

	<u>የንባድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃው</u>	ሞ	<u> </u>
1	የአመልካች ስም ፡- ቤት ኤል ፋሲካ የአመልካች አድራሻ፡- ወረዳ. 08 የቤት ቁጥር. አዲስ ለሚኩራ አዲስ አበባ /አትዮጵያ		
2	የማመልኪቻ ቁጥር ፡- LTM/18667/2017 ማመልኪቻው ንቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 27/06/2017 E.C.		
3	ምልክት፡-	4	የምልከቱ መግለጫ፡-የቃልና ምስል
		5	የቀለም ዓይነት፡- ቀይ ና ነጭ
	B SS	6	የብቸኛነት መብት አለመጠየቅ መግለጫ፡- (burger and image of Burger)
	—Burger ——	7	ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡- 43
8	ማ <b></b> ማልኪቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አ <b>ገ</b> ልግሎቶች		
	የሬስቶራንት አገልግሎት(ምድብ 43)		

አመልካች ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝንብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝንብ እንዳይንባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረትባለስልጣን መ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ማንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

#### የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

#### **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

	<u>የንግድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃው</u>	ም	<u> </u>
1	1 የአመልካቸ ስም ፡- ጀማል ሙሐመድ አወል የአመልካቸ አድራሻ፡- ወረዳ 04 የቤት ቁጥር - ቂርቆስ  አዲስ አበባ ኢትዮጵያ		
2	የማመልከቻ ቁጥር ፡- LTM/18798/2017 ማመልከቻው <i>ነ</i> ቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 16/07/2017 E.C.		
3	ምልክት:-	4	የምልክቱ መግለጫ፡-የቃልና ምስል
		5	የቀለም ዓይነት፡-
		6	የብቸኛነት መብት አለመጠየቅ መግለጫ፡- . (.)
	JEMAL MOHAMMED	7	
8	ማመልከቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አገልግሎቶች		
	የባሀሳዊ ህክምና አገልግሎት(ምድብ 44)		

አመልካች ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝገብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝገብ እንዳይገባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረትባለስልጣን መ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ማንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

	የንግድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃውሞ ጥሪ ማስታወቂያ			
1	1 የአምልካች ስም ፡- ወልዱ ደበበ የአምልካች አድራሻ፡- ወረዳ. 02 የቤት ቁጥር. አዲስ ቦሌ አዲስ አበባ ኢትዮጵያ			
2	የማመልከቻ ቁጥር ፡- LTM/18838/2017			
	ማመልኪቻው <i>ነ</i> ቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 23/07/2017 E.C.			
3	ምልክት፡-	4	የምልክቱ መግለጫ፡-የቃልና ምስል	
		5	የቀሰም ዓይነት፡- ቀይ ና ጥቁር	
		6	የብቸኛንት <b></b> ጣበት አለመጠየቅ <b>መ</b> ግለ <b>ሜ</b> ፡-	
			የበሬ ምስሉ እና የስጋ መከትከቻው (Butchery &	
			Bar.)	
		7	<del>ዓ</del> ለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡- 43	
	<b>四3空999</b> 军3			
	WONDMAMACHOCH			
8	ማመልከቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አንልባሎቶች			
	ባርና ሬስቶራንት አንልግሎት(ምድብ 43)			

አመልካች ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝንብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝንብ እንዳይንባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረትባለስልጣን መ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ጣንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

#### **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

	<u>የንባድ ምልክት ምዝባባ ተቃውሞ ዋሪ ማስታወቂያ</u>				
1	የአመልካች ስም ፡- ማይፋን ትሬዲንግ  ኃላ/ የተ/የግ ማህበር የአመልካች አድራሻ፡-  ወረዳ. 07  የቤት ቁጥር. አዲስ /06 , ጉለለ	,,,	<b>አዲስ አበባ ኢትዮጵ</b> ያ		
2	የማመልኪቻ ቁጥር ፡- LTM/19073/2017 ማመልኪቻው ንቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 28/08/2017 E.C.				
3	ምልhት:-  MFAN  TRADING P.L.C	4 5 6 7	የምልክቱ መግለጫ፡-የቃልና ምስል የቀለም ዓይነት፡- ሰማያዊ ፣ጥቁር የብቸኝነት መብት አለመጠየቅ መግለጫ፡- (trading plc) ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡- 35		
8	ማመልከቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አገልግሎቶች የአስመጪነት አገልግሎት የላኪነት አገልግሎት(ምድብ 35)				

አመልካች ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝንብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝንብ እንዳይንባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረትባለስልጣን መ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ማንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

	<u>የንባድ ምልክት ምዝባባ ተቃውሞ ጥሪ ማስታወቂያ</u>					
1	የአመልካች ስም ፡- ያሲን ምሳ ወርቁ					
	የአመልካቸ አድራሻ፡- , ኮልፌ ቀራኒዮ , አዲስ አበባ ኢትዮጵ	g				
2	የማመልከቻ ቁጥር ፡- LTM/19085/2017					
	ማመልከቻው <i>ኀ</i> ቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 28/08/2017 E.C.					
3	ምልክት:-	4	የምልክቱ መባለጫ፡-የቃል			
		5	የቀለም ዓይነት፡- ጥቁርና ነጭ			
	AL-MUNA REFINED SOYBEAN OIL	6	የብቸኛነት መብት አለመጠየቅ መግለጫ፡-			
			(REFINED SOYBEAN OIL)			
		7	ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡- 29			
8 ማመልከቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አንልግሎቶች						
	የምግብ ዘይት <i>ማ</i> ፈብረክ(ምድብ 29)					

አመልካች ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝንብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝንብ እንዳይንባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረትባለስልጣን መ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ጣንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

	<u>የንግድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃው</u>	P	<u> ተሪ ማስታወቂያ</u>
1	የአመልካቸ ስም ፡- ኬኛ ቤቬሬጅስ አከሲዮን ማህበር የአመልካቸ አድራሻ፡- ወረዳ. o8 የቤቴ ቁጥር , ቂርቆስ, አዲስ	አበ	ነባ ኢትዮጵያ
2	የማመልከቻ ቁተር ፡- LTM/19095/2017 ማመልከቻው <i>ነ</i> ቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 30/08/2017 E.C.		
3	ምልክት፡-	4	የምልክቱ መግለጫ፡-የቃልና ምስል
		_	የቀሰም <i>ዓይ</i> ነት፡- የብቸኛነት መብት አለመጠየቅ መግለጫ፡-
	O.	Ĭ	(image of zembile)
		7	<del>ዓ</del> ለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡- 35 እና 42
_			
В	ማመልከቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አገልግሎቶች		
	የችርቻሮ ንግድና የጅምላ ንግድ የማስታወቂያ ስራ(ምድብ 35) እነ	ስ	<del>ፍ</del> ትዌር ማበልፀግና ዲዛይን ማድረግ (ምድብ 42)

አመልካች ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝንብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝንብ እንዳይንባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረትባለስልጣን መ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ማንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

<u>የንግድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃ</u> የአመልካች ስም ፡- ነጃት ምቹ መሀመድ የአመልካች አድራሻ፡- ወረዳ. ባኩ የቤቴ ቁጥር. አዲስ , አሮባ		
የማመልኪቻ ቁጥር ፡- LTM/19230/2017 ማመልኪቻው ንቢ የሆነበት ቀን፡- 12/09/2017 E.C.		
ምልክት፡-	4	የምልከቱ መግለሜ፡-የምስል
	5	የቀሰም ዓይነት፡-
30	6	የብቸኛነት መብት አለመጠየቅ መግለጫ፡-
	7	ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡- 6
ማመልኪቻው የሚሸፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አንልግሎቶች ብረት የአረብ ብረት እና የብረት ማዕድናት ውጤቶችን ማምረት	· (ም <i>ያ</i>	દેની 6)

አመልካች ከላይ የተመለከተውን የንግድ ምልክት ለማስመዝንብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል፡፡ስለሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካለ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ **60** ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንግድ ምልክት በመዝንብ እንዳይንባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረትባለስልጣን መ/ቤት ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን የምንመዘግብ መሆኑን እናስታውቃለን፡፡ስለሆነም ማንኛውም ሰው ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል፡፡



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

# የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ማስታወቂያ

1.የፕግጽ ምክክት ባስቤት ስም፡ ኒኮ ፕቸርስ ሆቴደፕግስ ኪሚትድ (Nicoventure Holdings Limited)

አድሬጥ፡- Globe House, 1 Water Street, London WC2R 3LA, United

Kingdom

- 2. የጣመከከቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/9824
- 3. የጥበቃ ጊዜው፥ ከ 25/07/2025G.C አስከ 25/07/2032 G.C
- 4. የጓግድ ምክክት።

VUSE

- 5. ባከቤቱ የንግድ ምቴክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በሕጺስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 13/11/2011 Vol No. LXXVIII-313 በመጣው ማስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገቴግኩቶች ነው ።
- 6. ይህ የጓግጽ ምኬክት የታደሰ በመሆኑ ጣጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃጽ ውጭ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምኬክት ከተሰነቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይሰነዮቃል::

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮአዊ ንብረት ባለሰልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ጣስታወቂያ

- 1. คุระหาร กษา DAIICHI SANKYO COMPANY, LIMITED พหะภัณ 3-5-1, Nihonbashi Honcho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-8426, Japan
- 2. POPODENE 4:PC: FTM/2309
- ๑. ฅฑาด ฃหละ ท25/05/2025 ลกท 25/05/2032
- 4. የነግድ ምክክት።

# ROTEAS

- 5. ባከቤቱ የጓግጽ ምክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በ27/09/2003 ዓ.ም በVol.LXX No. 267 ባወጣው ማስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አግቴግኩቶች ነው።
- 6. ይህ ፕግጽ ምቴት የታደሰ በመሆኑም ማፕኛውም ሰው ካከባከቤቱ ፈቃጽ በዚህ የፕግጽ ምቴከት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል።

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባከስቴጣን



**Intellectual Property Gazette** 

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# የንባድ ምልክት አድሳት ማስታወቂያ

1.የጓግጽ ምቴክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ሊደበር ኢንተርናሽናል (LIEBHERR-INTERNATIONAL AG) አድራሻ Rue Hans-Liebherr 7, 1630 Bulle, Switzerland 2.የማመቴክቻ ቁጥር፡ FTM/2835/2014

# LIEBHERR

- 3 . የንግድ ምኔክት
- 4 . ባከቤቱ የጓግጽ ምቴክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በ25/9/2003ባ . ም በVol-LXX No. 265 አጺስ ዘመን ካይ በመጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና ሕገልግኩቶች ነው : :
- 5 . የፕግድ ምክክቱ አ.ኤ.ሕ ከ03/05/2025 ሕስክ 03/05/2032 አ.ኤ.አ ታድሷል። በመሆኑም ጣኘኛዉም ሰመ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃጽ በዚህ የፕግድ ምክክት ከተ/ከቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ሀግ ይጠየቃል።

የኢትዮጵያ ከክምሯዊ ኀብረት ባከሰbጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# የንባድ ምልክት አድሳት ማስታወቂያ

- 1.የጓግጽ ምቴክት ባከቤት ሰም፡ ናንያንዊ ብራዘርስ ቶሞኮ ካንፓኒ ሊሚትድ (Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Company Limited) አድራሻ፣ 9 Tsing Yeung Circuit, Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong
- 2. P액wwhin手中中::FTM4042/2014



- 3 . የፕግድ ምክክት።
- 4.ባከቤቱ የጓግጽ ምኬክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በ20/01/2004ዓ.ም በVol-LXXI No. 20 አጲስ ዘመኝ ካይ በመጣው ማስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገኬግሎቶች ነው::
- 5. የነግጽ ምቴክቱ ስ. ኤ. አ ክ18/07/2025 አስክ 18/07/2032 አ. ኤ. አ ታጽሷል። በመሆኑም ማጓኛዉም ሰው ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምቴክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል።

የኢትዮጵያ አክምሯዊ ፕብረት ባከስከጣኘ



## **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

የጓግጽ ምሬክት ባከቤት የስም ከውጥ ጣስታወቂያ

1. የጓግጽ ምክክት ባከቤት ሰም፡- ዛዩጓዩይ አይከባጓክ ሲአ., ኢኬቲጲ.

(Hyundai Oilbank Co., Ltd,.)

182, Pyeongsin 2-ro, Daesan-eup, Seosan-si, 8826:-

Cungcheongnam-do, Republic of Korea

ከዚህ በታች የሰፈረውን የንግድ ምቴክት በኢትዮጵያ ብቸኛ ባከቤትና ተጠቃሚ ። ሬጸፈ୮ተ የቃውቲሰም ሀዘበ ፈበመ

በኢትዮጵያ የተመዘገበው የጓግድ ምቴክት ዝርዝር

የጓግድ ምቴክት/ስም	የጣመከነን ቀጥር	የጣስታወቂያው ቁጥርና ቀኝ		
XTEER	FTM/6427	หนิก Hom3 (Addis Zemen) 24/02/2008 Vol.LXXV-No 054		

የጓግድ ምቴክቱ የሚመከው ክፍ ብኩ ከተዘረዘረው ማስታወቂያው ካይ ከተጠቀሱት ስቃዎች አና አገልግሎቶች ሲሆን የንግድ ምልክቶቱ በጣስታወቂያው ዛይ ይገናል።

ባከቤቱ ስሙን ከ ዛዋንደይ ኦይեባንክ . , ኤቲጺ . (Hyundai Oilbank Co., Ltd.) ወደ ኢችዴ ዛዩንዴይ አይቴባንክ ሲሉ., ኢቴቲዴ. (HD HYUNDAI OILBANK Co., Ltd. ) መደጣኒክ የቀየረ ሲሆን ይህም በኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ጽ/ቤት በተመዘገበ የባከቤት የስም ከውጥ ሰርተፍቤት ተረጋግጧል። ስከሆነም ጣኘኛውም ግክሰብ ወይም የህግ ሰውነት ያከው ተቋም ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጪ በንግድ ምቴክተቹ ቢጠቀም ወይም አስመስኩ ቢሰራ በኢትዮጵያ ሀገ ይጠየቃል: :

### የኢትዮጵያ አእምሮክዊ ንብረት ባለሰልጣን



**Intellectual Property Gazette** 

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# የንግድ ምልክት አድሳት ማስታወቂያ

- 1. የጓግጽ ምዕክት ባከቤት ስም፡ ሕዕፋሴግጣ ሕስ. ፒ. ሕ (ALFASIGMA S.p.A.) ኢድራሻ፡ Via Ragazzi del 99,
- 5 40133 BOLOGNA (BO) Italy
- 2 . የጣመሬክቻ ቁጥር፡FTM/6618/2015

# BETNESOL

- 4.ባከቤቱ የጓግድ ምክክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በ30/12/2003ዓ.ም በVol-LXX No. 360 አዲስ ዘመን ካይ በወጣው ጣስታወቂያ ካይ ከተዘረዘሩት ዕቃዎችና አገከግኩቶች ነው::
- 5.የጓግጽ ምክክቱ አ.ኤ.አ ነነ26/07/2025 አስነነ 26/07/2032 አ.ኤ.አ ታጽሷል። በመሆኑም ጣጓኛዉም ሰዉ ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃጽ በዚህ የጓግጽ ምክክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ ይጠየቃል።

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ፕብረት ባከሰልጣኘ



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

## Notice of Recordal of Change of name and Assignment

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CHAMPION PRODUCTS EUROPE LIMITED of Suite 8 Plaza 212 Blanchardstown Corporate Park 2 Blanchardstown Dublin 15, Ireland is now the sole proprietor in Ethiopia of the following trademarks:

Trademark	Application No.	No & Date of Cautionary notices
		Ethiopian herald
Œ	FTM/8950/ 2017	Vol. LXXVIII ,001- 21/4/2011
Thampion	FTM/8951/ 17	Vol. LXXVI .024- 09/10/2019

which is used in connection of goods described in the aforementioned cautionary notices. The owner has changed its name CHAMPION PRODUCTS EUROPE UNLIMITED COMPANY Address Suite 8 Plaza 212 Blanchardstown Corporate Park 2 Blanchardstown Dublin 15, Ireland. has subsequently assigned its Trademark to ABG-CHAMPION EU LIMITED of 1411 Broadway, New York, NY 10018, United States of America, by a declaration of change of name and Assignment, a copy of which has been duly recorded at the Ethiopian Intellectual Property Authority. Any person or company who without the authority of the new owner, uses or copies, in Ethiopia the said trademark or any imitation thereof, or otherwise infringes the new owner's rights in respect of the said trademark will be prosecuted according to the Ethiopian Law.

Ethiopian Intellectual Property Authority



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

# የንግድ ምልክት ባለቤት የስም እና የመብት ማስተላለፍ ለውጥ ማስታወቂያ

CHAMPION PRODUCTS EUROPE LIMITED አድራሻ Suite 8 Plaza 212 Blanchardstown Corporate Park 2 Blanchardstown Dublin 15, Ireland. የሆነ ነነዚህ ቤታች የሰፈሩት የፕግድ ምክክቶች በኢትዮጵያ ብቶኝ ባክቤትና ተጠቃሚ መሆኑ ይታወቃል። በኢትዮጵያ የተመዘገቡት የፕግድ ምክክቶች ዝርዝር፡-

3ግድ ምክክት	የጣመከክን፣ቀ	የጣስታወቂያዎቹ ቀጥርና ቀፕ		
	PC	ስደስ Hov3		
Œ	FTM/8950/ 2017	Vol.LXXV. No-098 02/01/2012		
Thampion	FTM/8951/ 2017	Vol.LXXIX. No-028 09/10/2019		

የነገድ ምክክተቹ የሚውኩት ክፍ ብክው በተዘረዘሩት ጣስታወቂያዎች ካይ ከተጠቀሱት ዕቃዎች ሲሆነ ነገድ ምክክተቹ በጣስታወቂያዎቹ ካይ ይገኝኩ። ባክቤቱ ስሙን ወደ CHAMPION PRODUCTS EUROPE UNLIMITED COMPANY አድራሻ Suite 8 Plaza 212 Blanchardstown Corporate Park 2 Blanchardstown Dublin 15, Ireland. የተየረ ሲሆነ እንዲሁም ባክቤቱ ሙበቱን ወደ ABG-CHAMPION EU LIMITED አድራሻ 1411 Broadway, New York, NY 10018, United States of America. ይህም በኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባክስኬጣን በተመዘገበ የሰም እና የመብት ጣስተካክፍ ከውጥ ስርተፍኬት ተረጋገጧል። ስክሆነም ጣንኛውም ግክሰብ ወይም የሆነ ሰውነት ያክው ተቋም ካክባክቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጪ በዚህ የንገድ ምክክት በሚጠቀም ወይም አስመስኩ በሚሰራ ካይ በሆነ ክስ ይመሰረትበታል።

የኢትዮጵያ አሰምሯዊ ንብረት ባለሰልጣን



# ጋዜጣ

## የአእምሯዊ ንብረት Intellectual Property Gazette

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

### የንግድ ምልክት እድሳት ማስታወቂያ

- 1. የጓግድ ምክክት ባከቤት ስም፡ Shenzhen Chengtai Electronic and Technology Co., LTD (ሽንዘን\_ ቸንግታይ\_ አልክትሮኒክ\_ ኢንድ\_ ቴክኖሎጂ n.hata)
- 2. አድራሻ፡6TH FLOOR, BUILDING C, QINYU INDUSTRIAL ZONE, SANWEI, SANWEI COMMUNITY, HANGCHENG STREET, BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, CHINA.
  - 3.የጣመከን፣ ቁጥር፡ <u>FTM/9768</u>
  - 4. የጥበቃ ጊዜመ፡ ከ 10/07/2025 እስከ 10/07/2032
  - 5. የጓግድ ምክክት፡



6. ባለቤቱ የንግድ ምልክቱን የሚጠቀምበት በአዲስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ በቀን 17/11/2011 Vol No.

LXXVIII-317 በወጣው ማስታወቂያ ላይ ለተዘረዘሩት ስታዎችና አገልግሎቶች ነው::

7. ይህ የንግድ ምልክት የታደሰ በመሆኑም ማንኛዉም ሰዉ ካለባለቤቱ ፍቃድ ሙሙ በዘነነ ቀንጣው L 0 0 -

ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ሀግ ይጠየቃል።

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሮክዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን።



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

**Trademark Cautionary Notice** 

# የንግድ ምልክት አድላት ማስታወቂያ

1. የአመልካች ስም- Promasidor IP Holdings Limited አድሪ-ሻ፡- Ebene Junction, Rue de la Démocratie, Ebène, Mauritius

2. ማመልከቻ ቁጥር	FTM/9807	
3. የአድሳት ጊዜ	20/07/2025- 19/07/2032	
4. የንፃድ ምልክቱ :-	DORA	

5. ባለቤቱ ይህንን የንማድ ምልክት የሚጠቀመው በአለም አቀፍ ምድብ 29 እና 30 ሲሆን በ10/12/2010 ዓ.ም በአዲስ ዘመን ጋዜጣ VOL. LXXVII NO. 340 በወጣው ማስታወቂያ ከተዘረዘሩት ምርቶች ጋር በተያያዘ ነው። ማንኛውም ለው ከባለቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጪ በዚህ ንማድ ምልክት ከተጠቀመ በኢትዮጵያ ህግ መሰረት ይጠየቃል።

# የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንግድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

# **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

# የንግድ ምልክት ዕድሳት ማስታወቂያ

1.	የባለቤቱ ስምና አድራሻ	&ንክ ፋርማ ጂኤምቢኤች ኤንድ ክ. ኬጂ (DENK PHARMA GmbH & Co. KG) Prinzregentenstrasse 79, 81675 Munich, Germany		
2.	የማመልከቻ ቁጥር	FTM/9839/2018		
3.	የዕድሳት ጊዜ	ከ27/07/2025 እስከ 27/07/2032		
4.	የንማድ ምልክቱ	TADALA-DENK		
5.	ምድብ 05 በ20/1	ንድ ምልክት የሚጠቀመው በዓለም-አቀፍ 12/2011 ዓ.ም. በአዲስ ዘመን ኃዜጣ 350 በወጣው ማስታወቂያ ከተዘረዘሩት የዘ ነው።		
6.	ማንኛውም ግለሰብ ወይም ሕጋዊ ሰውነት ያለው ተቋም - ከባለቤቱ ሳያስፌቅድ በዚህ የንግድ ምልክት በሚገለገል ወይም አስመስሎ በሚሠራ ላይ በሕግ ክስ ይመሠረትበታል።			
	የኢትዮጵ.	ያ አዕምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን		



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

# የንባድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃውሞ ዋሪ ማስታወቂያ

- 1 የአመልካች ስምና አድራሻ፣
- BYD Company Limited
   No.1, Yan'an Road, Kuichong Street, Dapeng New District,
   Shenzhen, People's Republic of China
- 2 可mAh并 中午C: FTM/15419/2024 十7: 31/05/2024
- 3 የንግድ ምልክቱ ስዕላዊ መማለጫ። የቃb
- 4 ምልክት።

# BYD ATTO 3 UP

5 ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ: 12

ጣመልከቻው የሽፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አገልግሎቶች:

መኪናዎች፤ የሞተር መኪናዎች፤ መኪናዎች፤ የሞተር ሕወልጣኛች፤ የጭት መኪናዎች፤ ኩሪስ፤ የሞተር አውቶበሶች፤ ፎርክኪፍት የጭት መኪናዎች፤ የመኪና ሕካካት፤ የመኪና ቻሲስ፤ ሞተርስ, ኢኬክትሪክ, የመሬት ተሸከርካሪዎች፤ ከመኪናዎች የፍሬን ፓጽስ፤ አቀናመስ መኪናዎች፤ በራሳቸው-የሚነጹ መኪናዎች።

አመኔካች ከካይ የተመከከተውኝ የኝግድ ምኔክት ከማስመዝገብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል። ስከሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካከ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ60 ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የኝግጽ ምኔክት በመዝገብ አኝዴያገባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ከኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ኝብረት ባከስልጣኝ ካልቀረበ ምኔክቱኝ ምኝመዘግብ መሆኑኝ አናስታወቃከኝ። ስከሆነም ማኝኛውም ግክሰብ ወይም የህግ ሰውነት ያከው ተቋም ካከባከቤቱ ፈቃድ ውጪ በዚህ ምኔክት የሚጠቀም ወይም አስመስኩ በሚሰራ ካይ በሕግ ክስ ይመሰረትበታል።:

የኢትዮጵያ አኢምፖዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

# የንግድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃውሞ ጥሪ ማስታወቂያ

- 1 የአመልካች ስምና አድራሻ፣
- . BYD Company Limited No.1, Yan'an Road, Kuichong Street, Dapeng New District, Shenzhen, People's Republic of China
- 2 ማመልከቻ ቁጥር: FTM/15452/2024 ተን፡ 2024-07-10
- 3 የንግድ ምልክቱ ስስላዊ መግለጫ። የቃ**b**
- 4 ምልክትና

# BYD SEALION

5 ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ፡ 12

### ጣመልከቻው የሽፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አባልባሎቶች፣

መኪናዎች፤ የሞተር መኪናዎች፤ መኪናዎች፤ የሞተር ሕመልጣኛች፤ የሞነት መኪናዎች፤ ኩሪስ፤ የሞተር ሕመቶቡሶች፤ ፎርክኪፍት የሞነት መኪናዎች፤ የመኪና ሕካካት፤ የመኪና ቻሲስ፤ ሞተርስ, ሕዜክትሪክ, የመሬት ተሸክርካሪዎች፤ ከመኪናዎች የፍሬን ፓጽስ፤ አቶናመስ መኪናዎች፤ በራሳቸው-የሚነጹ መኪናዎች።

አመልካች ከካይ የተመከከተውን የንገድ ምልክት ከማስመዝገብ ጥያቂ አቅርበዋል። ስከሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካከ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ60 ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንገድ ምልክት በመዝገብ አንጻይገባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ከኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባከስልጣን ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን ምንመዘግብ መሆኑን አናስታወቃከን። ስከሆነም ማንኛውም ግከሰብ ወይም የህግ ሰውነት ያከው ተቋም ካከባከቤቱ ፈቃድ ውጪ በዚህ ምልክት የሚጠቀም ወይም አስመስኩ በሚሰራ ካይ በሕግ ክስ ይመሰረትበታል።:

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

# **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

# የንባድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃውሞ ጥሪ ጣስታወቂያ

- 1 የአመልካች ስምና አድራሻ፣
- BYD Company Limited
   No.1, Yan'an Road, Kuichong Street, Dapeng New District,
   Shenzhen, People's Republic of China
- 2 "ምልክቻ ቁጥር: FTM/15498/2024 ቀን: 2024-09-16
- 3 የንግድ ምልክቱ ስስላዊ መማለጫ። የቃ**b**
- 4 ምልክት።

# YANGWANG

5 ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ: 37

### **"የመልከቻው የሽፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አገልባሎቶች**፣

የሞተር ተሸክርካሪ ጥገና እና ጥገና፤ የተሸክርካሪ ጣጽዩት፤ ከተሸክርካሪዎች ፀረ-ዝበት ሕክምና፤ የተሸክርካሪ ጣጠቢያ፤ የኤኬክትሪክ ተሸክርካሪዎችን ቻርጅ መጣጽረግ፤ የተሸክርካሪ መመከመከ፤ የተሸክርካሪ ጥገና፤ የተሸክርካሪ ባትሪ ቻርጅ መጣጽረግ፤ የተሸክርካሪ ብከሽት ጥገና አገከግኩቶች፤ የተሸክርካሪ ግሪዚንግ፤ የተሸክርካሪ ኩብሪኬሽን።

አመኔካች ከካይ የተመከከተውን የንገድ ምኔክት ከማስመዝገብ ጥያቂ አቅርበዋል። ስከሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካከ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በመጣ በ60 ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንገድ ምኔክት በመገጠ አንጻይገባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ከኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባከስልጣን ካልቀረበ ምኔክቱን ምንመዘግብ መሆኑን አናስታወቃከን። ስከሆነም ማንኛውም ግከሰብ ወይም የህግ ሰውነት ያከው ተቋም ካከባከቤቱ ፈቃድ ውጪ በዚህ ምኔክት የሚጠቀም ወይም አስመስኩ በሚሰራ ካይ በሕግ ክስ ይመሰረትብታል።:

የኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን



# **Intellectual Property Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

### የንግድ ምልክት ምዝገባ ተቃውሞ ጥሪ ማስታወቂያ

- 1 የአመልካች ስምና አድራሻ።
  - BYD Company Limited

No.1, Yan'an Road, Kuichong Street, Dapeng New District, Shenzhen, People's Republic of China

- 2 "Johan # #TC: FTM/15546/2024 +7: 31/05/2024
- 3 የንግድ ምልክቱ ስሰላዊ መግለጫ። የቃ**b**
- 4 PAHIS

BYD M9

5 ዓለም አቀፍ ምድብ: 12

ማመልከቻው የሽፍናቸው ምርቶች ወይም አባልግሎቶች:

መኪናዎች፤ የሞተር መኪናዎች፤ መኪናዎች፤ የሞተር ሕወልጣኛች፤ የሞነት መኪናዎች፤ ኩሪስ፤ የሞተር አውቶቡሶች፤ ፎርክኪፍት የሞነት መኪናዎች፤ የመኪና ሕካካት፤ የመኪና ቻሲስ፤ ሞተርስ, ኢኬክትሪክ, የመሬት ተሸከርካሪዎች፤ ከመኪናዎች የፍሬን ፓጽስ፤ ኦቶኖመስ መኪናዎች፤ በራሳቸው-የሚነጹ መኪናዎች።

አመልካች ከካይ የተመከከተውን የንገድ ምልክት ከማስመዝገብ ጥያቄ አቅርበዋል። ስከሆነም ተቃዋሚ ካከ የጋዜጣ ማስታወቂያው በወጣ በ60 ቀናት ውስጥ የተጠቀሰው የንገጽ ምልክት በመዝገብ አንጻይገባ የሚያስችል ማስረጃ ከኢትዮጵያ አአምሯዊ ንብረት ባከስልጣን ካልቀረበ ምልክቱን ምንመዘግብ መሆኑን አናስታወቃከን። ስከሆነም ማንኛውም ግከሰብ ወይም የህግ ሰውነት ያከው ተቋም ካከባከቤቱ ፈቃጽ ውጪ በዚህ ምልክት የሚጠቀም ወይም አስመስኩ በሚሰራ ካይ በሕግ ክስ ይመሰረትበታል።:

የኢትዮጵያ አኢምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን



# ጋዜጣ

# የአእምሯዊ ንብረት Intellectual Property **Gazette**

የንባድ ምልክት ተቃውሞ ጥሪ

## **Trademark Cautionary Notice**

### የንግድ ምልክት ባለቤት ውሀደት

ሜታ አበ ብሬመሪስ ሼር ካምኒ (Meta Abo Brewery Share Company) ከጽራሻሙ:- Kebele 05, Sebeta Hawas, Sebeta Town, Oromia Region, Ethiopia የሆነ ከዚህ በታች የሰፈረሙ የጓግድ ምክክት በኢትዮጵያ ብቸኛ ባክቤትና ተጠቃጣ መሆኑ ከዚህ በታች በተመከከተው ጣስታመቂያ ተገቴጾ ይገኛል። ከBGI Ethiopia PLC 1886/100 :- Wereda 8, Lideta Sub City, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia ጋር ሙሀያት ያዩረገ ሲሆን

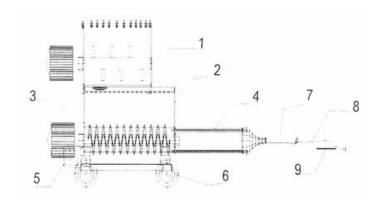
በአትዮጵያ የተመዘገቡ የጓግድ ምቴክቶች ዝርዝር

የጣመከነነቻ ቁጥር	የጣስታመቂያዎቹ አጺስ ዘመን ቁጥርና ቀን		
LTM/0352	Vol. LXXIII No. 009- 05/03/2006		
LTM/3736	Vol. LXXVII No. 256- 16/09/2010		
FTM/0215	Vol. LXXV No. 189- 15/03/2016		
LTM/3735	Vol. LXXVI No. 049- 19/02/2009		
LTM/2196	Vol. LXXI No. 159- 09/07/2007		
LTM/3851	Vol. LXXVI No. 095- 05/04/2009		
	ΦΨC  LTM/0352  LTM/3736  FTM/0215  LTM/3735  LTM/2196		

ማፕኛውም ግክሰብ መይም የ**ህግ** ሰውነት ያከው ተቋም ካከባከቤቱ ፍቃድ ውጪ በዚህ ምቴክት በሚጠቀም ወይም አስመስኩ በሚሰራ ላይ በዘግ ክስ ይመሰረትበታቴ። አዕምどዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን

አመልካች **ብርሃን አሰፋ** አጭር ይዘቱ ከታች ለተመለከተው አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የግል ጋሎት ሞኤል የምስክር ወረቀት እንዲሰጣቸው የጠየቁ በመሆኑ ይህ አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የእኔ ነው ወይም ከዚህ በፊት በኢትዮጵያ ውስጥ ጥቅም ላይ ውሷል ባይ ካለ ይህ ማስታወቂያ በጋዜጣ ከወጣበት ቀን ጀምሮ ባሉት ስልሳ (60) ቀናት ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን ሊያቀርብ የሚችል መሆኑን እየገለጽን፤ በተባለው ጊዜ ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ካላቀረበ በሕጉ መሠረት ባለስልጣን መስሪያ ቤቱ ለአመልካቹ የጥበቃ ማረ ጋገጫ ሠርተፊኬት የሚሰጥ መሆኑን ያሳውቃል።

አነስተኛ ፈጠራው **ሞርታር ፕላስተሪንግ ማሽን** ነው። ይህ ፈጠራ የሞርታር ፕላስተሪንግ ማሽን ሆኖ ሞርታር መደባለቂያ /1/፣ የሞርታር መያዣ ሆፐር/2/፣ ስክሪዉ ኮንቨየር /3/፣ ሞርታ ርፖምፕ/4/፣ የኤሴክትሪክ መቆጣጠርያ ፓነል/5/፣ የሚንቀሳቀስበት ጎማ/6/፣ የሞርታር መተሳለፍያ ቱቦ /7/፣ ስፕሪይ ጋን/8/፣ ኤየር ኮምፕሪስር ቱቦ /9/ የያዘ ሆኖ ከኤሴክትሪክ በሚያገኘው ሃይል ታግዞ የቦካ ሞርታር እንደ ሴሜንት፣ ጂፕስም፣ ፕራይምኮት የመሳሰሉን ግብአቶች የልስን ስራ በዘመናዊ መንገድ ለመስራት የሚያገለግል ማሽን ነው።

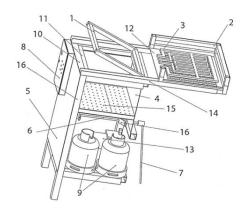


ET/UM/2025/4873

\*\*\*\*\*

አመልካች Alazar Michael Asefa አጭር ይዘቱ ከታች ለተመለከተው አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የግል*ጋ*ሎት ሞዴል የምስክር ወረቀት *እንዲ*ሰጣቸው የጠየቁ በመሆኑ ይህ አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የእኔ ነው ወይም ከዚህ በፊት በኢትዮጵያ ውስጥ ጥቅም ላይ ውሷል ባይ ካለ ይህ ማስታወቂያ በጋዜጣ ከወጣበት ቀን ጀምሮ ባሎት ስልሳ (60) ቀናት ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን ሊያቀርብ የሚችል መሆኑን እየገለጽን፤ በተባለው ጊዜ ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ካላቀረበ በሕጉ መሠረት ባለስልጣን መስሪያ ቤቱ ለአመልካቹ የጥበቃ ማረጋገጫ ሠርተፊኬት የሚሰጥ መሆኑን ያሳውቃል።

The minor invention is **COMPACT VACUUM FORMING MACHINE**. A compact vacuum forming machine is disclosed, featuring a container/9/for enhanced suction capacity, sliding heaters/3/for uniform heating, and a movable platen /15/for improved versatility. The machine is designed to efficiently process a wide range of plastic sheet of materials and shapes, making it suitable for various industrial and creative applications.



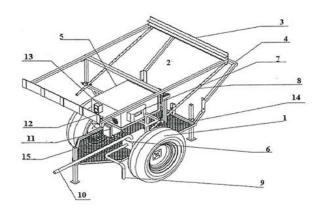
ET/UM/2025/4874

\*\*\*\*\*

አመልካች Dr. Molla Asmare Alemu, Dr. Muluken Zegeye Getie, Mr. Atrsaw Jejaw, Mr. Mulat Shitye Alem, and Mr. Hailemariam Mulugeta Wassie አጭር ይዘቱ ከታች ለተመለከተው አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የግል ጋሎት ሞኤል የምስክር ወረቀት እንዲሰጣቸው የጠየቁ በመሆኑ ይህ አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የእኔ ነው ወይም ከዚህ በፊት በኢትዮጵያ ውስጥ ጥቅም ላይ ውሏል ባይ ካለ ይህ ማስታወቂያ በጋዜጣ ከወጣበት ቀን ጀምሮ ባሉት ስልሳ (60) ቀናት ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ለኢትዮጵያ

አሕምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን ሲያቀርብ የሚችል መሆኑን ሕየገለጽን፤ በተባለው ጊዜ ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ካሳቀረበ በሕጉ መሠረት ባለስልጣን መስሪያ ቤቱ ለአመልካቹ የጥበቃ ማረ*ጋገጫ* ሠርተፊኬት የሚሰጥ መሆኑን ያሳውቃል።

The minor invention is Movable, Adjustable and Foldable Solar-Powered Irrigation System. This invention presents a Movable, Adjustable, and Foldable Solar-Powered Irrigation System that comprises a lightweight rectangular metal frame with two wheels (1), foldable and tiltable solar panels (2), panel holder frame (3), adjustable handlebars (4), inverter with casing (5), AC/DC pump housing (6), charge controller (7), solar tracker (8), water suction hose (9), discharge hose (10), battery unit (11), breaker (12), AC output (13), protective mesh (14), and stabilizing legs (15). The system is developed to provide a sustainable and mobile off-grid irrigation solution for smallholder farmers, especially in rural and remote areas, addressing key agricultural constraints such as fragmented landholdings, unpredictable rainfall, and inadequate rural infrastructure. Furthermore, additional visual figures supporting the invention include the fully assembled 3D model with all components integrated (Figure 2), the side and front view of the system (Figure 3), human and animal powered transportation(Figure 4), the solar panel configuration in folded and unfolded (Figure 5), the solar structure and tracking mechanism (Figure 6), the components of the systems(Figure 7) to promotes sustainable agriculture, agricultural productivity, reduces fossil fuel dependency, and enhances climate resilience and rural livelihoods.



ET/UM/2025/4875

\*\*\*\*\*

አመልካች **ጽዮን ጸዳሱ እ**ና **አሚናት ሙዛመድ** አጭር ይዘቱ ከታች ስተመስከተው አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የማል*ጋ*ሎት ሞዶል የምስክር ወረቀት እንዲሰጣቸው የጠየቁ በመሆኑ ይህ አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የእኔ ነው ወይም ከዚህ በፊት በኢትዮጵያ ውስጥ ጥቅም ላይ ውሏል ባይ ካስ ይህ ማስታወቂያ በጋዜጣ ከወጣበት ቀን ጀምሮ ባሉት ስልሳ (60) ቀናት ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ስኢትዮጵያ አሕምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን ሲያቀርብ የሚችል መሆኑን እየገለጽን፤ በተባለው ጊዜ ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ካላቀረበ በሕጉ መሠረት ባለስልጣን መስሪያ ቤቱ ለአመልካቹ የጥበቃ ማረ*ጋገጫ* ሠርተፊኬት የሚሰጥ መሆኑን ያሳውቃል።

አነስተኛ ፈጠራው **የቲማቲም ዱቄት አዘንጃጀት ዘኤ** ነው፡፡ ፈጠራው የቲማቲም ዱቄት አዘንጃጀት ዘኤ ሲሆን በዋናነት ቲማቲሙን በ 3ሚሜ መቁራረጥ፤ ቲማቲሙን በ መፍጨት ወደ ፈሳሽ መቀየር ፤ በ ትሬይ ድራየር ማሽን ውስጥ ለ 6 ሰዓት በ 50°C ሕና በ 0.3 (flow rate) እንዲቆይ ማድረግ፤ በ መጨረሻም ቲማቲሙን በመፍጨት ወደ ዱቄት እነዲቀየር አድርጎ የ ማዘ*ጋ*ጀት ዘኤ ነው።

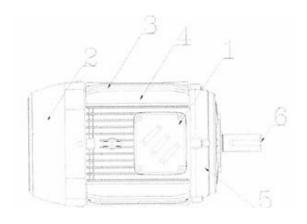
### ET/UM/2025/4876

\*\*\*\*\*

አመልካች **አብዱልሐፊዝ አብዱሽኩር ሻፊ** አጭር ይዘቱ ከታች ስተመለከተው አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የግል*ጋ*ሎት ሞኤል የምስክር ወረቀት እንዲሰጣቸው የጠየቁ በመሆኑ ይህ አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የእኔ ነው ወይም ከዚህ በፊት በኢትዮጵያ ውስጥ ጥቅም ላይ ውሏል ባይ ካለ ይህ ማስታወቂያ በጋዜጣ ከወጣበት ቀን ጀምሮ ባሎት ስልሳ (60) ቀናት ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን

ሲያቀርብ የሚችል መሆኑን ሕየገለጽን፤ በተባለው ጊዜ ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ካላቀረበ በሕጉ መሠረት ባለስልጣን መስሪያ ቤቱ ለአመልካቹ የጥበቃ ማረ*ጋገጫ ሠርተፊ*ኬት የሚሰጥ መሆኑን ያሳውቃል።

አነስተኛ ፈጠራው **የኤሴክትሪክ ሞተር መቆጣጠሪያ ኔጅ** ነው። ይህ ፈጠራ ቮልቴጅ የተገጠመስት የኤሴክትሪክ ሞተር ሃይል መቆጣጠሪያ ኔጅ፣ መቆጣጠሪያ ኔጁን የያዘው፣ ማቀዝቀዣ ፈን(Cooling fan)/2/ መግነጢሳዊ መስክ የሚፈጥረው ስታተር (Stator)/3/፣ መግነጢሳዊ ሃይሱን ማገናኛ ራውተር( Botor)/4/ እና ማንቀሳቀሻ ዘንግ(Drive shaft)/6/ ያስው ሆኖ ጥራታቸው አነስተኛም ሆነ ከፍተኛ ስሆኑ ኤሴክትሪክ ሞተሮች በተመሳሳይ ቮልቴጅ መቆጣጠሪያ ኔጁ ከተርሚናል ቦክሱ ጋር በመግጠም ከፍተኛ የኤሴክትሪክ የኃይል መዋገናቅ በሚፈጠርበት ጊዜ ሃይሱን በማቋረጥ የኤትሪክ ሞተሩ ዲናሞው/ እንዳይቃጠል ማድረግ የሚችል የኤሴክትሪክ መቆጣጠቂያ ኔጅ ነው::



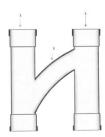
ET/UM/2025/4877

\*\*\*\*\*

አመልካች Moringa Farms PLC አጭር ይዘቱ ከታች ስተመለከተው አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የግልጋሎት ሞኤል የምስክር ወረቀት እንዲሰጣቸው የጠየቁ በመሆኑ ይህ አነስተኛ ፈጠራ የእኔ ነው ወይም ከዚህ በፊት በኢትዮጵያ ውስጥ ጥቅም ላይ ውሷል ባይ ካለ ይህ ማስታወቂያ በጋዜጣ ከወጣበት ቀን ጀምሮ ባሉት ስልሳ (60) ቀናት ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ለኢትዮጵያ አእምሯዊ ንብረት ባለስልጣን ሊያቀርብ የሚችል መሆኑን እየገለጽን፤ በተባለው ጊዜ ውስጥ የተቃውሞ ማመልከቻውን ካላቀረበ በሕጉ

መሠረት ባለስልጣን መስሪያ ቤቱ ለአመልካቹ የጥበቃ ጣረ*ጋገጫ ሠርተፊ*ኬት የሚሰጥ መሆኑን ያሳውቃል።

The minor Invention is **H-fitting**. H- fittings are innovative, single-piece components featuring two parallel sides one for waste disposal to the drainage system and the other for venting associated gases streamlining installation and conserving space. Unlike traditional two-piece H-fittings that require external joints and connecting pipes, our design eliminates potential gas leaks into buildings. Available in equal or reducing configurations, these fittings negate the need for separate reducers, allowing the use of smaller diameter pipes for venting, there by significantly reducing installation costs.



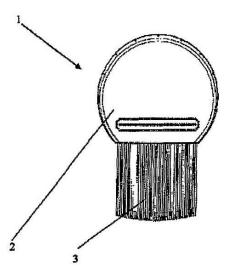
ET/UM/2025/4878

\*\*\*\*\*

INID CODES: Internationally Agreed Numbers for the Identification of Bibliographic Data

INID CODES						
11	የግ.ሞ ቁጥር	45	ምዝንባ ቀን		73	<b>አ</b> መልካች
21	ማመልከቻ ቁጥር	51	<i>ዓ</i> ስም አቀፍ ምደባ		74	<i>ወ</i> ከ.ል
22	ማመልከቻ ቀን	54	የፌጠራው ርዕስ		57	አብስትራክት
30	የቀደምትነት መግለጫ	72	የሬጠራው ሠራተኛ			

11	166	_
	100	
21	ET/P/2020/522	
22	03/02/2020	
30	23/11/2009 እ.ኤ.አ.	
45	07/08/2025	
51	A 45D 24/30 (2006.01)	
54	COMB FOR THE TREATMENT OF	
	PEDICULOSIS	
72	1. Jorge Reinaldo BURCHAKCHI [UY];	
	2. Juan MARTIN SANZ [ES];	
73	LACUNA CA	
	LACUNA S.A.,	
	Paraguay1246 Montevideo,11100 [UY];	
74		
' -	Wossen Teshome,	
	Addis Ababa - Ethiopia [ET];	
57	A comb for the treatment of pediculosis, co	or
1	1	



A comb for the treatment of pediculosis, comprising a grip handle and a plurality of teeth intended to catch and drag the nits and lice present in the hair, wherein the teeth have a proximal end retained in said handle and a free distal end, said teeth being differentiated into a first plurality of teeth and a second plurality of teeth, where the teeth of the first plurality alternate with the teeth of the second plurality and the teeth of said first

plurality are longer than the teeth of said second plurality so that the distal ends of the teeth of the first plurality are projected beyond the distal ends of the teeth of said second plurality.

\*\*\*\*\*





ETP157B1

(11) Publication No: ET P 157 B1

የፓተንት ቁጥር: ET P 157 B1

(45) Publication Date: 19/06/2025

ፓተንት የተሰጠበት ቀን: 12/10/2017

# (54) HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS

# (71) Applicant: UPL Limited [IN];

UPL House, 610 B/2, Bandra Village, Off Western Express Highway, Bandra-East, Mumbai 400 051

### (72) Inventors:

- 1. SHROFF, Jaidev Rajikant [AE];
- 2. HELLER, Jean-Jacques [FR];
- 3. POLLET, Jean-Philippe [GB];
- 4. SHROFF, Vikram Rajnikant [AE] and
- 5. REYER, William [GB];

(21) Appl. No: ET/P/2021/595

(22) Filed: 24/06/2021

(30) Priority Date: 24/06/2020

(51) IPC:

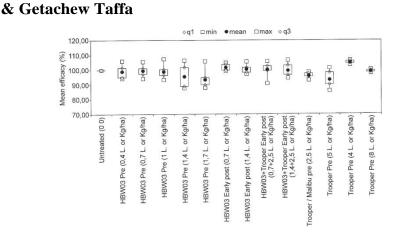
A 01N 39/02(2006.01)

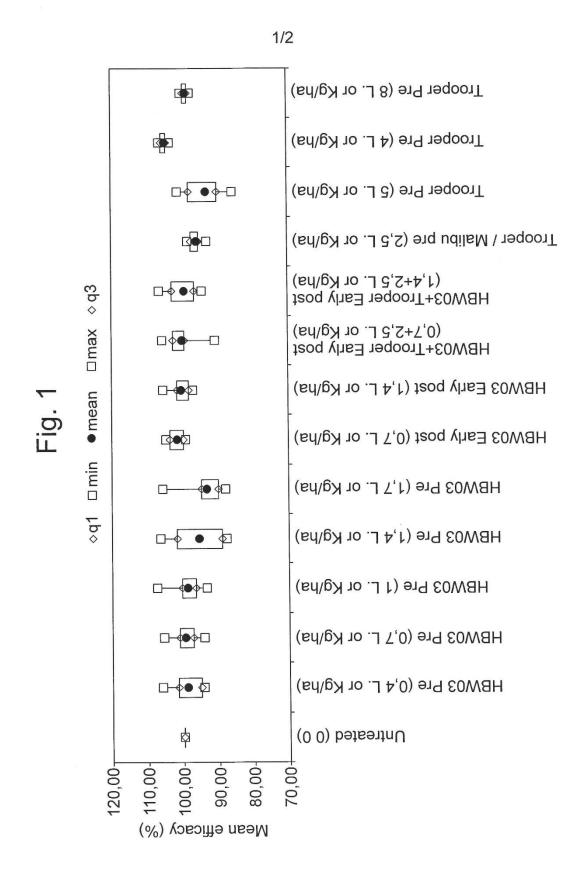
Examiners: Mulugeta Feye

### (57) Abstract

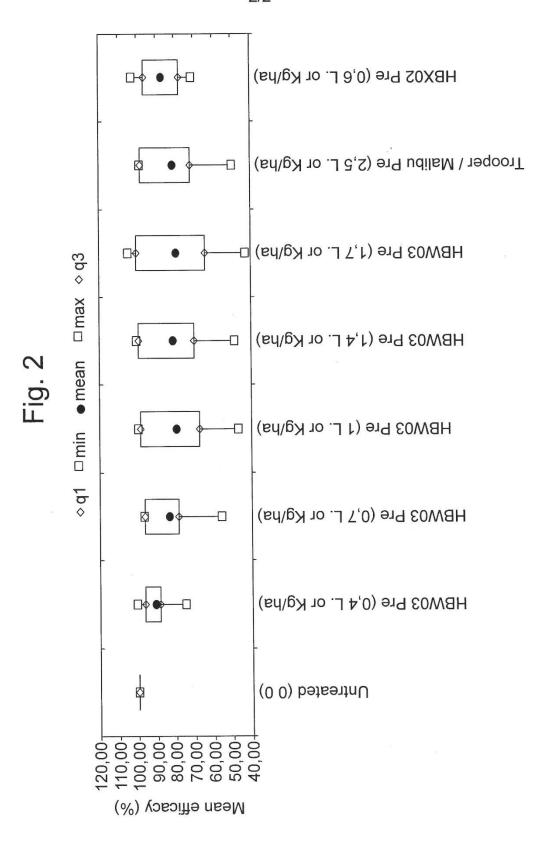
The invention relates to use of a herbicide combination at a locus for growing a cereal crop in order to selectively control a weed at that locus. The invention also relates to methods for selectively controlling the growth of a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop by using a herbicide combination. The invention further relates to a locus for growing a cereal crop to which a selective herbicide combination has been applied. The herbicide combination used in the invention comprises napropamide.

### 30 Claims and 02 Figure





2/2



40

#### HERBICIDE COMBINATIONS

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to the selective control of weeds in crops such as cereal crops. 5 Specifically, the invention relates to the use of a herbicide combination at a locus for growing a cereal crop in order to selectively control a weed at that locus. The invention also relates to methods for selectively controlling the 10 growth of a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop by using a herbicide combination. The invention further relates to a locus for growing a cereal crop to which a selective herbicide combination has been applied. The 15 herbicide combination used in the invention comprises napropamide.

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Selective control of weeds in commercial crops such as cereal crops is a key challenge 20 facing modern agriculture. Weeds typically compete with crops such as cereal crops for nutrients, water, light and space, and thus failure to control the presence of weeds in crops can decrease crop yields. Weeds can 25 also be hosts of pests and diseases which if transferred to the crop can again reduce crop yields. Furthermore, weed seeds inadvertently be harvested together with the desired crop, which can necessitate the 30 harvested crop being further treated or processed or even, in extreme cases, discarded completely. There is therefore a clear need for effective herbicides capable of controlling the

growth of weeds to prevent contamination of 35 crops such as cereal crops.

Many herbicides have been developed to control the growth of unwanted plants such as weeds. A number of such herbicides have been described previously as being effective as controlling all plant material in which they come into contact with. Such herbicides include paraquat, glufosinate, glyphosate, and the like. However, these herbicides are nonselective and thus cannot be used to 45 selectively control the growth of weeds in crops such as cereal crops, as the effect of such herbicides is to kill or damage the crop in addition to the weed. To overcome this difficulty, it is therefore necessary to use 50 selective herbicides capable of controlling weed growth whilst sparing the crop.

A known herbicide is napropamide, also N,N-diethyl-2-( $\alpha$ -naphthoxy) known as propionamide. Napropamide is generally marketed under the trade name Devrinol. The structure of napropamide is shown in Formula (I) below.

$$H_3C$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

FORMULA (I)

#### FORMULA (II)

Napropamide-M can be prepared by any suitable method known in the art, such as those methods disclosed in WO 2009/004642.

Unless otherwise stated, and as discussed further below, the term "napropamide" as used herein refers to N,N-diethyl-2-(α-naphthoxy) propionamide or an isomer thereof, or a 10 mixture of such isomers. Accordingly, unless otherwise stated or otherwise clear from the context, the term napropamide may refer to a mixture of D-napropamide and napropamide. The mixture may for example 15 be a racemic mixture (i.e. a 1:1 mixture of Dnapropamide and L-napropamide). The term napropamide also embraces pure isomers of N,N-diethyl-2-( $\alpha$ -naphthoxy) propionamide including for example D-napropamide.

Napropamide has previously been shown to have application in the selective control of dicotyledonous weds. For example, EP 277 397 A1 describes how napropamide can be used to selectively target dicotyledonous
weeds in crops such as oilseed rape, strawberries, blackcurrants, gooseberries, raspberries, field trees, shrubs, broccoli, cabbage, calabrese, cauliflower, kale and Brussels sprouts. However, EP 277 397 A1

explains that napropamide has low activity in controlling monocotyledonous weeds in such crops. EP 277 397 A1 also is silent regarding the selective control of weeds in a monocotyledonous crop such as a cereal crop.
There therefore remains a pressing need for methods of controlling weeds such as monocotyledonous weeds in crops, especially in cereal crops.

#### **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The present inventors have surprisingly found 40 that combinations comprising napropamide selectively control the growth of weeds such as monocotyledonous weeds in cereal crops. As described in more detail here, the inventors 45 have shown that when combinations comprising napropamide is applied monocotyledonous cereal crops, the cereal crop itself is selectively spared whilst weeds, including common, grass-type weeds, are targeted. 50 selectively This finding is particularly surprising in view of the fact that both cereal crops and grass-type weeds are monocotyledonous. Thus, not only was it was surprising that combinations comprising napropamide could be used as a herbicide in cereal crops safely, i.e. without destroying the crop itself, it was particularly surprising that combinations comprising napropamide could at the same time control the growth of grasstype weeds. Like cereals, such weeds are 60 monocotyledonous, and finding a herbicide that demonstrates selectivity between different classes of monocotyledonous plant is not an easy exercise because such selectivity cannot 65 be predicted. It was therefore unexpected that combinations comprising napropamide is able to control one class of monocotyledonous plant, namely grass-type weeds, yet at the same time spare another class of 5 monocotyledonous plant, cereal crops.

The invention therefore provides the use of combinations comprising napropamide for selective control of a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop; wherein the cereal crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after application of said napropamide to the locus.

The invention also provides a method of selectively controlling a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop, said method comprising application of combinations comprising napropamide to the locus, wherein a cereal crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after application of said napropamide to the locus.

Further provided is a locus for growing a cereal crop, wherein a weed and a cereal crop are both present at the locus and the locus has a herbicide for selective control of the weed applied thereto, wherein said herbicide consists of or comprises combinations comprising napropamide.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

30 FIGURE 1 shows normalised plant growth following application of herbicides as described in Example 1.

**FIGURE 2** shows further normalised plant growth following application of herbicides as described in Example 1.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As explained above, the invention provides the use of combinations comprising napropamide 40 for selective control of a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop; wherein the cereal crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after application of said combination comprising napropamide to the locus.

The term "selective control" means that the 45 herbicide combination is capable controlling the growth of one species of plant whilst allowing the growth of another. Thus, the selective control of a weed means that the growth of the weed is controlled whilst the growth of other non-weed plants such as cereal crops is not controlled or is controlled to a significantly lesser extent than the growth of the weed. Typically, controlling the growth 55 of weed involves preventing germination, rooting or growth of the weed plant. Often, controlling the growth of the weed involves retarding or stopping the rate of growth of the weed plant. Controlling the growth of a weed may involve preventing or retarding root development. Controlling the growth of a weed may involve inhibiting cell division thereby preventing development of roots or foliage, particularly of roots. 65 Controlling the growth of a weed may involve preventing, inhibiting or retarding germination of a seed of the weed. By controlling the growth of a weed the growth following application of the herbicide combination may 70 reduce relative to that of the weed in the absence of the herbicide combination. Often,

of the herbicide combination is suppressed by at least 50%, e.g. at least 60%, such as at least 70%, more often at least 80% e.g. at least 5 90%, for example at least 95% such as at least 97%, at least 98%, or at least 99% that of the weed in the absence of the herbicide. In the invention, the herbicide combination comprises napropamide and at least a second 10 herbicide.

the growth of the weed following application

The napropamide is as defined herein. The combination comprising napropamide and at least a second herbicide may consist of the napropamide and one or more further 15 herbicides. Alternatively, the combination may be administered in the form of a composition comprising one or more further such components as one more agrochemically acceptable excipient, diluent, 20 adjuvant and/or safener; and/or together with an additional active agent, e.g. ethofumesate, flufenacet and/or pendimethalin. Alternatively, the combination mav not comprise ethofumesate, flufenacet and pendimethalin.

25 Accordingly, selective control of a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop typically involves preventing the germination, rooting or growth of the weed plant whilst not preventing the germination, rooting or growth 30 of the cereal crop. For example, the growth of the cereal crop following application of the herbicide combination may be at least 50% that of the cereal crop in the absence of the herbicide. More often, the growth of the cereal crop following application of the herbicide combination may be at least 60%, such as at

least 70%, more often at least 80% e.g. at least 90%, for example at least 95% such as at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99% or even 100% 40 that of the cereal crop in the absence of the herbicide combination. Most typically, the application of the herbicide combination has no significant effect on the growth of the cereal crop whilst significantly controlling the 45 growth of the weed.

In the invention, the locus for growing a cereal crop is the vicinity of the crop in which selective control of a weed is required. In the invention, the locus may be may, for example, a container such as a pot or grow-bag, a garden bed or a field. Usually in the invention a locus is a field. The locus is any location at which a cereal crop has been planted or will be planted after application of the herbicide combination. The locus is the area in which weed growth has occurred or would be expected to occur in the absence of the application of the herbicide combination.

In the invention, the cereal crop planted or to

be planted at the locus can be any cereal crop.

In the invention, the term "crop" typically
relates to a multitude of desired crop plants,
i.e. cereal plants, growing at the locus, but
may also refer to just one desired crop plant,
i.e. one cereal plant, growing at the locus. The
term "crop" thus embraces plants wherein the
target portion of the plant (e.g. the seed) has
already developed, or wherein the target
portion of the plant has not yet developed, for
example in young or immature plants.

As those skilled in the art will appreciate, cereal crops are generally monocotyledonous

species. Typically, therefore, the cereal crop is a monocotyledonous cereal crop. In the invention, the cereal crop is typically selected from wheat, barley, rice, maize, sorghum, rye, millet, triticale and 5 oats, Sometimes, the cereal crop is selected from barley, rice, maize, sorghum, oats, rye, millet, triticale and fonio. The crop may not be wheat. Usually, in the invention, the cereal crop is 10 selected from wheat, barley, rice, and maize. More often, in the invention, the cereal crop is selected from wheat, rice and maize. Still more often, in the invention, the cereal crop is selected from wheat and maize. Most often, in 15 the invention the cereal crop is wheat.

In the invention, when the cereal crop is wheat, the wheat may be a winter wheat or a spring wheat. Usually, the wheat is a winter wheat. Those skilled in the art will appreciate 20 that winter wheats are strains of wheat that are planted in the autumn and thus grow over winter. A typical winter wheat is soft wheat (winter), which has the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation 25 (EPPO) code TRZAW. Thus, the winter wheat may be TRZAW. Winter wheats germinate and develop into young plants that remain in the vegetative phase during the winter and resume growth in early spring. For winter 30 wheats, the physiological stage of heading is typically delayed until the plant experiences vernalization, usually following a period of about 30 to about 60 days at about  $0^{\circ}$  to  $5^{\circ}$  C.

In the invention, the crop may be planted at any suitable depth. For example, the crop may be planted at the locus at a depth of at least 1

cm. More typically, the cereal crop is planted at the locus at a depth of at least 2 cm. The present inventors have surprisingly found that when cereal crops are planted at a depth of at least 1 cm, such as at least 2 cm, the selectivity of combinations comprising napropamide for the crop (i.e. the extent to which the crop is unaffected by the napropamide combination) is improved. For example, the crop may advantageously be planted at a depth of at least 1 cm, such as at least 2 cm, more usually at least 3 cm.

In the invention, the weed which is selectively 50 controlled at the locus for growing a cereal crop is typically a monocotyledonous weed. Thus, the invention typically provides the use of combinations comprising napropamide for selective control of a monocotyledonous weed 55 at a locus for growing a monocotyledonous cereal crop; wherein the monocotyledonous cereal crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after application of said combinations comprising napropamide to the locus. In other words, the invention provides means for selectively controlling monocotyledonous weeds in monocotyledonous crops.

The genus of the weed selectively targeted in
the invention is typically selected from
Alopecurus (for example Alopecurus
myosuroides ), Echinochloa (for example
Echinochloa crus -galli L.), Bromus (for
example Bromus secalinus or Bromus
tectorum L.), Lolium (for example Lolium
perenne L.), Poa and Setaria (for example
Setaria glauca L. Beauv.)

For example, the weed may be one or more of the following species: Alopecurus aequalis, Alopecurus albovii, Alopecurus anatolicus, Alopecurus apiatus, Alopecurus arundinaceus, 5 Alopecurus Alopecurus aucheri, baptarrhenius, Alopecurus bonariensis, Alopecurus borii, Alopecurus bornmuelleri, brachystachus, Alopecurus Alopecurus bulbosus, Alopecurus carolinianus, 10 Alopecurus creticus, Alopecurus dasyanthus, Alopecurus davisii, Alopecurus geniculatus, Alopecurus gerardii, Alopecurus glacialis, Alopecurus x haussknechtianus, Alopecurus heliochloides, Alopecurus himalaicus. 15 Alopecurus hitchcockii, Alopecurus japonicas, Alopecurus laguroides, Alopecurus lanatus, Alopecurus longiaristatus, Alopecurus magellanicus, Alopecurus marssonii, Alopecurus mucronatus, Alopecurus 20 myosuroides, Alopecurus nepalensis, Alopecurus x plettkei, Alopecurus ponticus, Alopecurus pratensis, Alopecurus rendlei, Alopecurus saccatus, Alopecurus setarioides, Alopecurus textilis, Alopecurus turczaninovii, 25 Alopecurus X turicensis, Alopecurus utriculatus, Alopecurus vaginatus, Alopecurus x winklerianus, Bromus aleutensis, Bromus alopecuros, **Bromus** anomalus, **Bromus** arenarius, Bromus arizonicus, **Bromus** 30 arvensis. Bromus berteroanus, **Bromus** biebersteinii, Bromus briziformis, Bromus bromoideus, **Bromus** carinatus, **Bromus** cabrerensis, catharticus, Bromus **Bromus** ciliates, Bromus ciliates (inc. ssp. ciliates and 35 richardsonii ), Bromus commutatus, Bromus danthoniae, Bromus diandrus, Bromus erectus, Bromus exaltatus, Bromus fibrosus, Bromus

frigidus, Bromus frondosus, Bromus grandis, Bromus grossus, Bromus hordeaceus, Bromus hordeaceus (inc. ssp. ferronii, hordeaceus, molliformis, pseudothominii and thominei ), Bromus inermis, Bromus inermis (inc. ssp. inermis pumpellianus ). and **Bromus** interruptus. Bromus japonicas, Bromus Bromus kalmia, kinabaluensis, **Bromus** koeieanus, Bromus kopetdagensis, Bromus laevipes, **Bromus** lanatipes, Bromus lanceolatus. Bromus latiglumis, Bromus Lepidus, **Bromus** luzonensis, **Bromus** 50 macrostachys, Bromus madritensis, Bromus mango, **Bromus** marginatus, **Bromus** maritimus, Bromus mucroglumis, Bromus nottowayanus, Bromus orcuttianus, Bromus pacificus, Bromus polyanthus (inc. ssp. paniculatus and polyanthus ), Bromus porter, Bromus pseudolaevipes, Bromus pseudosecalinus, **Bromus** pseudothominii, Bromus pubescens, Bromus ramosus (inc ssp. benekii and ramosus ), Bromus rigidus, Bromus scoparius, Bromus secalinus, Bromus sitchensis, **Bromus** squarrosus, stamineus, Bromus sterilis, Bromus suksdorfii, Bromus tectorum, Bromus texensis, Bromus vulgaris, Bromus willdenowii, Echinochloa brevipedicellata, Echinochloa callopus, Echinochloa chacoensis, Echinochloa colona, Echinochloa crus -galli, Echinochloa crus pavonis, Echinochloa elliptica, Echinochloa glabrescens, Echinochloa haploclada, Echinochloa helodes, Echinochloa 70 holciformis, Echinochloa inundata, Echinochloa jaliscana, Echinochloa jubata, kimberleyensis, Echinochloa Echinochloa lacunaria. Echinochloa macrandra.

Echinochloa Echinochloa muricata, obtusiflora. Echinochloa oplismenoides, Echinochloa oryzoides, Echinochloa paludigena, Echinochloa picta, Echinochloa 5 pithopus, Echinochloa polystachya, Echinochloa praestans, Echinochloa Echinochloa pyramidalis, rotundiflora. Echinochloa telmatophila, Echinochloa turneriana, Echinochloa ugandensis, 10 Echinochloa walteri, Lolium arundinaceum, Lolium canariense, Lolium giganteum, Lolium x hybridum, Lolium mazzettianum, Lolium multiflorum, Lolium perenne L., Lolium persicum, Lolium pratense, Lolium remotum, 15 Lolium rigidum, Lolium saxatile, Lolium temulentum L, Setaria acromelaena, Setaria alonsoi, Setaria apiculata, Setaria appendiculata, Setaria arizonica, Setaria atrata, Setaria australiensis, Setaria austrocaledonica, 20 Setaria barbata, Setaria barbinodis, Setaria bathiei, Setaria cernua, Setaria chondrachne, Setaria cinerea, Setaria clivalis, Setaria cordobensis, Setaria corrugate, Setaria dielsii, Setaria elementii, Setaria faberi, Setaria 25 fiebrigii, Setaria finite, Setaria forbesiana, Setaria glauca L. Beauv., Setaria globulifera, Setaria gracillima, Setaria grandis, Setaria grisebachii, Setaria guizhouensis, Setaria hassleri, Setaria homonyma, Setaria 30 humbertiana. Setaria hunzikeri. Setaria incrassate, Setaria intermedia, Setaria italic, Setaria jaffrei, Setaria kagerensis, Setaria lachnea, Setaria latifolia, Setaria leucopila, Setaria liebmannii, Setaria lindenbergiana, 35 Setaria longipila, Setaria longiseta, Setaria macrosperma, Setaria macrostachya, Setaria madecassa. Setaria magna, Setaria

megaphylla, Setaria mendocina, Setaria mildbraedii, Setaria montana. Setaria nepalense, Setaria nicorae, Setaria nigrirostris, Setaria oblongata, Setaria obscura, Setaria oplismenoides, Setaria orthosticha, Setaria palmeri, Setaria palmifolia, Setaria pampeana, Setaria paraguayensis, Setaria parodii, Setaria parviflora, Setaria paspalidioides, Setaria pauciflora, Setaria paucifolia, Setaria perrieri, Setaria petiolate, Setaria pflanzii, Setaria plicate, Setaria poiretiana, Setaria pseudaristata, Setaria pumila, Setaria Setaria restioidea, queenslandica, Setaria rigida, Setaria roemeri, Setaria rosengurttii, Setaria sagittifolia, Setaria scabrifolia, Setaria scandens, Setaria scheelei, Setaria scottii, Setaria seriata. Setaria setosa, Setaria sphacelata, Setaria Setaria 55 stolonifera, submacrostachya, Setaria sulcata, Setaria surgens, Setaria tenacissima, Setaria tenax, Setaria texana, Setaria vaginata, Setaria vatkeana, Setaria verticillata, Setaria villosissima, Setaria viridis, Setaria vulpiseta, Setaria welwitschii, and Setaria yunnanensis.

Most often, the weed selectively targeted in the invention is of genus Alopecurus. Most typically, the weed is Alopecurus 65 myosuroides. Alopecurus myosuroides has the EPPO code ALOMY so is also referred to as ALOMY. For example, the weed may be ALOMY (S strain) or ALOMY (Peldon multi-R (resistant) strain).

70 One beneficial aspect of the invention is the selective control of weeds in cereal crops wherein the weed is resistant to control by conventional selective herbicides apart from

napropamide. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that a weed which is resistant to control by a given substance does not necessarily have to be completely unaffected 5 by application of the substance. Rather, a weed which is resistant to control by a given substance may be capable of growing in the presence of the substance albeit at a lower level than would be the case in the absence of 10 the substance. A weed which is resistant to control by a given substance but is not resistant to control by napropamide may grow better in the presence of an effective amount of the substance than in the presence of an 15 effective amount of a combination comprising napropamide. In other words, napropamide may be more effective in controlling growth of the weed than the other substance.

For example, a herbicide to which a given 20 weed is resistant may typically exhibit less than 97% efficacy against that weed; in other words, at least 3% of the weed plants to which an effective amount of the herbicide has been applied may survive the application of the 25 herbicide. More typically, such a herbicide may exhibit less than 95% efficacy against the weed, such as less than 90% efficacy, e.g. less than 80% efficacy, such as less than 70% efficacy, e.g. less than 60% efficacy, for 30 example less than 50% efficacy e.g less than 40% efficacy or even lower such as less than 35% efficacy. In other words, typically at least 5% of the weed plants to which an effective amount of the herbicide has been applied 35 survive application of the herbicide, such as at least 10% of the weed plants, e.g. at least 20% of the weed plants, such as at least 30% of the

weed plants, e.g. at least 40% of the weed plants, for example at least 50% of the weed plants, e.g. at least 60% of the weed plants or even more such as more than 65% of the weed plants to which an effective amount of the herbicide has been applied may survive application of the herbicide. By contrast, such weeds are typically more susceptible to control by a combination comprising napropamide; for example, a combination comprising napropamide is typically capable of suppressing growth of such resistant weeds 50 by at least 60%; more typically at least 70%, more often at least 80% e.g. at least 90%, for example at least 95% such as at least 97%, at least 98%, or at least 99% compared to the growth of the weed in the absence of a 55 combination comprising napropamide. For example, for some weeds conventional herbicides are less than 50% effective, such as less than 40% effective or even less effective, e.g. less than 35% effective, and napropamide 60 is at least 60% effective, such as at least 70% effective, at least 80% effective or at least 90% effective.

ET P 157 B1

Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the relative efficacies of combinations comprising napropamide and other herbicides depends in part on the amount of the respective herbicides that is applied to the locus. Typically, the efficacy of a combination comprising napropamide can be increased by increasing the amount of the combination, e.g. the amount of napropamide, administered to the locus. Often, a lower amount of a combination comprising napropamide can achieve significant control of resistant weeds (e.g. at

70

ET P 157 B1

least 90% control, such as at least 95% control for example at least 97%, 98% or 99% control), whereas a higher amount of a conventional herbicide may fail to reach such 5 levels of control. For example, as discussed further herein, the inventors demonstrated that napropamide and combinations comprising napropamide may be much more effective than conventional herbicides such as Xerton 10 and can achieve improved control relative to herbicides such as Trooper/Malibu. Furthermore, surprisingly, this control can beneficially typically be achieved significantly reduced application rates of 15 napropamide or combinations comprising napropamide compared with herbicides such as Trooper/Malibu.

In an embodiment, the combinations comprising napropamide include a second 20 herbicide apart from napropamide. In an embodiment, the combinations comprising napropamide-M include a second herbicide The combinations may also include one or more further herbicides, such as a third 25 herbicide. The second herbicide and, where present, the third or further herbicide are typically not active against cereal crops.

In an embodiment, the second herbicide is selected from but not limited to, clomazone, a 30 urea herbicide, a triazine herbicide, a hydroxybenzonitrile herbicide, thiocarbamate herbicide, pyridazine chloroacetanilide herbicide. herbicides; benzothiazole herbicides: carbanilate 35 herbicides, cyclohexene oxime herbicides; picolinic acid herbicides; pyridine herbicides;

quinolinecarboxylic acid herbicides; chlorotriazine herbicides, aryloxyphenoxypropionic herbicides, oxadiazolone herbicides; 40 phenylurea sulfonanilide herbicides, herbicides; triazolopyrimidine herbicides, amide herbicides. herbicides. pyridazine dinitroaniline herbicides or combinations 45 thereof.

In another preferred embodiment, the combinations comprising napropamide include clomazone as the second herbicide. In an embodiment, the second herbicide is 50 benfluralin.

In another embodiment, the combinations of the present invention comprise (a) Napropamide or Napropamide-M and (b) an urea herbicide selected from benzthiazuron, 55 cumyluron, cvcluron. dichloralurea. diflufenzopyr, isonoruron, isouron, methabenzthiazuron, monisouron, noruron, anisuron, buturon. chlorbromuron, chloreturon. chlorotoluron. chloroxuron, 60 daimuron, difenoxuron, dimefuron, diuron, fluometuron, fenuron, fluothiuron, isoproturon, linuron. methiuron. methyldymron, metobenzuron, metobromuron, metoxuron, monolinuron, monuron, neburon, parafluron, phenobenzuron, 65 siduron, tetrafluron. thidiazuron. amidosulfuron. azimsulfuron, bensulfuron, chlorimuron, cyclosulfamuron, ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, flucetosulfuron, flupyrsulfuron, 70 foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, mesosulfuron, metazosulfuron,

monosulfuron,

methiopyrisulfuron,

nicosulfuron, orthosulfamuron, oxasulfuron, primisulfuron, propyrisulfuron, pyrazosulfuron, rimsulfuron, sulfometuron, sulfosulfuron, trifloxysulfuron, 5 zuomihuanglong, chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, ethametsulfuron, iodosulfuron, iofensulfuron, prosulfiron. thifensulfuron. metsulfuron. triasulfuron, triflusulfuron, tribenuron, tritosulfuron, buthiuron, ethidimuron, 10 tebuthiuron, thiazafluron and thidiazuron.

In an embodiment, the second herbicide is dimefuron.

In an embodiment, the second herbicide is a triazine herbicide selected from the group 15 consisting of dipropetryn, fucaojing, trihydroxytriazine, atrazine, chlorazine, cyanazine, cyprazine, eglinazine, ipazine, mesoprazine, procyazine, proglinazine, propazine, sebuthylazine, simazine. 20 terbuthylazine, trietazine, indaziflam, triaziflam, atraton, methometon, prometon, secbumeton, simeton, terbumeton, ametryn, aziprotryne, cyanatryn, desmetryn, dimethametryn, methoprotryne, prometryn, 25 simetryn and terbutryn.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide is nitrile herbicide selected from bromobonil, bromoxynil, chloroxynil, dichlobenil, iodobonil, ioxynil and pyraclonil.

30 In an embodiment, the second herbicide is a thiocarbamate herbicide selected from dazomet and metam.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a pyridazine herbicide selected from

35 credazine, cyclopyrimorate, pyridafol and pyridate.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a chloroacetanilide herbicide selected from acetochlor, alachlor, butachlor, butenachlor, 0 delachlor, diethatyl, dimethachlor, ethachlor, ethaprochlor, metazachlor, metolachlor, Smetolachlor, pretilachlor, propachlor, propisochlor, prynachlor, terbuchlor, thenylchlor and xylachlor.

45 In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a benzothiazole herbicide selected from benazolin, benzthiazuron, fenthiaprop, mefenacet and methabenzthiazuron.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide
50 is a carbanilate herbicide selected from a
carbanilate herbicide selected from barban,
BCPC, carbasulam, carbetamide, CEPC,
chlorbufam, chlorpropham, CPPC,
desmedipham, phenisopham, phenmedipham,
55 phenmedipham-ethyl, propham and swep.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a cyclohexene oxime herbicide selected from alloxydim, butroxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, profoxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxydim and tralkoxydim.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a picolinic acid herbicide selected from aminopyralid, clopyralid, halauxifen and picloram.

65 In an embodiment, the second herbicide is a pyridine herbicide selected from aminopyralid, cliodinate, clopyralid, diflufenican, dithiopyr, flufenican, fluroxypyr, halauxifen, haloxydine,

45

picloram, picolinafen, pyriclor, pyroxsulam, thiazopyr and triclopyr.

In an embodiment, the second herbicide is a quinoline carboxylic acid herbicide selected 5 from quinclorac and quinmerac.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide is an aryloxyphenoxypropionic acid herbicide selected from cloprop, 4-CPP, dichlorprop, dichlorprop-P, 3,4-DP, fenoprop, mecoprop, 10 mecoprop-P, chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, cyhalofop, diclofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P. fluazifop, fluazifop-P, fenthiaprop, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, isoxapyrifop, kuicaoxi, metamifop, propaguizafop, 15 quizalofop, quizalofop-P and trifop.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a oxadiazolone herbicide selected from dimefuron, methazole, oxadiargyl and oxadiazon.

- 20 In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a sulfoanilide herbicide selected from benzofluor, cloransulam, diclosulam, florasulam, flumetsulam, metosulam, perfluidone, profluazol and pyrimisulfan.
- 25 In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a triazolopyrimidine herbicide selected from cloransulam, diclosulam, asulam, florasulam, flumetsulam, metosulam, penoxsulam and pyroxsulam.
- In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a amide herbicides selected from allidochlor, amicarbazone, beflubutamid, benzadox, benzipram, bromobutide, cafenstrole, CDEA, cyprazole, dimethenamid,
   dimethenamid-P, diphenamid, epronaz,

etnipromid, fentrazamide, flucarbazone, flupoxam, Oxyfluorfen, fomesafen, halosafen, huangcaoling, isocarbamid, isoxaben, naptalam, pethoxamid, propyzamide, 40 quinonamid, saflufenacil, tebutam, Flumioxazin and tiafenacil.

In another embodiment, the second herbicide is a pyridazine herbicide selected from credazine, cyclopyrimorate, pyridafol and pyridate.

In an embodiment, the second herbicide is glufosinate or isomers or salts thereof, preferably L-Glufosinate or its salt. The salt such as monosodium salt, disodium salt, salt, ammonium salt, dipotassium salt, calcium salt, ammonium salt, —NH3(CH3)+ salt, —NH2(CH3)2+ salt, —NH(CH3)3+ salt, —NH(CH3)2(C2H4OH)+ salt, —NH2(CH3)(C2H4OH)+ salt and the like can be used.

In yet another embodiment, the second herbicide is a dinitroaniline herbicide selected benfluralin, butralin, from chlornidine, dinitramine, dipropalin, ethalfluralin, fluchloralin, isopropalin, methalpropalin, nitralin, oryzalin, pendimethalin, prodiamine, profluralin and trifluralin. For example, the second herbicide may be a dinitroaniline herbicide selected from benfluralin, butralin, 65 chlornidine, dinitramine, dipropalin, ethalfluralin, fluchloralin, isopropalin, methalpropalin, nitralin, oryzalin, prodiamine, profluralin and trifluralin.

In yet another embodiment, the second 70 herbicide is selected from a group comprising

orthosulfamuron, topramezone, pinoxaden, metamifop, pyrimisulfan, tembotrione, thiencarbazone methyl, flucetosulfuron, aminopyralid, saflufenacil, pyrasulfotole, 5 pyroxsulam, pyroxasulfone, pyraclonil, indaziflam, fenquinotrione, florpyrauxifenbenzyl, tiafenacil, cinmethylin, lancotrionesodium, bixlozone, trifludimoxazin, cyclopyrimorate, methiozolin, 10 aminocyclopyrachlor, metazosulfuron, ipfencarbazone, fenoxasulfone, bicyclopyrone, triafamone, halauxifen methyl or tolpyralate.

In another embodiment, the combination of the invention comprises a third herbicide. The third herbicide may be selected from the herbicides listed above in any of the embodiments although the second and third herbicides may not be the same. Where the combination comprises napropamide and one of ethofumesate, flufenacet and pendimethalin the combination may comprise a third herbicide.

In yet another preferred embodiment the present invention further comprises third

25 herbicide selected from clomazone, chloroacetanilide herbicides; pyrazole herbicides; quinolinecarboxylic acid herbicides and amide herbicides.

In this embodiment, the chloroacetanilide
30 herbicide, pyrazole herbicides, quinoline carboxylic acid herbicide and amide herbicide may be selected from the list of compounds defined in the embodiments described above for these classes of compounds.

35 In an embodiment, the second herbicide is clomazone and the third herbicide is benfluralin.

In yet another embodiment the second herbicide is dimethachlor; and the third

40 herbicide is clomazone.

In an embodiment, the second herbicide component may be selected from any one of:

- (i) S-Metolachlor;
- (ii) Clomazone;
- 45 (iii) Flufenacet;
  - (iv) Diflufenican;
  - (v) Flufenacet+diflufenacet;
  - (vi) Benfluraline;
  - (vii) Quinmerac;
- 50 (viii) Metazachlor;
  - (ix) Quinmerac+Metazachlor;
  - (x) Glufosinate;
  - (xi) Metribuzin;
  - (xii) Clomazone+S-Metolachlor;
- 55 (xiii) Dimethachlor;
  - (xiv) Benazolin;
  - (xv) Carbetamide;
  - (xvi) Clethodim;
  - (xvii) Cycloxydim;
- 60 (xviii) Sethoxydim;
  - (xix) Clopyralid;
  - (xx) Cyanazine;

(xxi) Simazine;

(xxii) Diclofop;

(xxiii) Fenoxaprop-P;

(xxiv) Fluazifop-P;

5 (xxv) Haloxyfop-P;

(xxvi) Propaquizafop;

(xxvii) Quizalafop;

(xxviii) Dimefuron;

(xxix) Flumetsulam;

10 (xxx) Propyzamide;

(xxxi) Pyridate;

(xxxii) Trifluralin; and

(xxxiii) Clomazone+Metazachlor.

For instance, the second herbicide may be selected from (i), (ii) and (iv) to (xxxiii).

In an embodiment, the second herbicide may selected from Flufenacet, be preferably Diflufenican, Pendimethalin, Metribuzin, Prosulfocarb. Ethofumesate. Tri-allate. 20 Propisochlor, S-Metolachlor, Pyroxasulfone, Chlorotoluron, Cinmethylin, picolinafen, Metamitron, Bixclozone, Clodinafop, Pinoxaden. Thiencarbazone. Mesosulfuron. lodosulfuron, and Aclonifen. For instance, the 25 second herbicide may preferably be selected from Diflufenican, Metribuzin, Prosulfocarb, Tri-allate, Propisochlor, S-Metolachlor, Pyroxasulfone, Chlorotoluron, Cinmethylin, picolinafen, Metamitron, Bixclozone, 30 Clodinafop, Pinoxaden. Thiencarbazone.

Mesosulfuron, lodosulfuron, and Aclonifen.

Non-limiting examples of selective control of resistant weeds by napropamide compared to other conventional herbicides are set out in the Examples.

Often, the weed selectively targeted in the invention is resistant to control by ethofumesate. flufenacet and/or pendimethalin. Typically, the weed selectively 40 targeted in the invention is resistant to control by ethofumesate, flufenacet and/or the ethofumesate, pendimethalin when flufenacet and/or pendimethalin is applied in accordance with best practice and 45 manufacturer's operating instructions. example, the weed may be resistant to control by ethofumesate when applied in an amount of 0.6 L/Ha of a suspension concentrate containing 417 g/Lethofumesate. 50 suspension concentrates containing 417 g/L ethofumesate is commercially available under the trade name Xerton (United Phosphorus).

Accordingly, the weed may be resistant to control by Xerton, for example when applied in an amount of from about 0.1 to about 2 L/Ha, such as when applied in an amount of about 0.6 L/Ha. The weed may be resistant to control by flufenacet and pendimethalin when applied in an amount of 2.5 L/Ha of an emulsifiable concentrate containing 60 g/L flufenacet and 300 g/L pendimethalin. An emulsifiable concentrate containing 60 g/L flufenacet and 300 g/L pendimethalin is commercially available under the trade name 65 Trooper (BASF) and the trade name Malibu (BASF). Accordingly, the weed may be resistant to control by Trooper and/or Malibu,

for example when applied in an amount of from about 1 to about 10 L/Ha, such as when applied in an amount of about 2.5 L/Ha.

For example, in some embodiments, the weed may by controlled to less than about 60%, such as less than about 50%, or less than 40% by Xerton and/or may be controlled to less than 98% or less than 97% by Malibu and may be controlled to more than 97% (for example, more than 98% or more than 99%) by napropamide when applied in an effective concentration such as in an amount corresponding to from about 10 g/Ha to about 1 kg/Ha napropamide or D-napropamide, more often in an amount corresponding to from about 400 g/Ha to about 700 g/Ha napropamide or D-napropamide.

Typically, in the invention, the herbicide combination or a composition comprising the combination is applied to the locus for growing the cereal crop pre-emergence of said weed. For example, the herbicide combination can be applied to the locus at a known point after ploughing or with reference to growth of reference plants apart from the weed that have defined growth characteristics that can be monitored and correlated with the likely emergence of the weed.

In another embodiment of the invention, the herbicide combination may be applied to said locus when said weed has partially grown. The herbicide may be applied to the locus after emergence of the weed.

35 A known measure of plant growth is provided by the BBCH (Biologische Bundesanstalt, Bundessortenamt and Chemische Industrie) scale. The BBCH-scale is a scale used to identify the phenological development stages of a plant. A series of BBCH-scales have been developed for a range of species including cereal crops and weeds. The BBCH-scale uses a decimal code system, which is divided into principal and secondary growth stages.

As those skilled in the art will appreciate, the BBCHweed scale and the BBCHcereal scale define plant growth as follows:

50

55

BBCH	Weed	Cereal			
number					
00	Dry seed	Dry seed (caryopsis)			
01	Beginning of seed imbibition	Beginning of seed imbibition			
02					
03	Seed imbibition complete	Seed imbibition complete			
04					
05	Radicle (root) emerged from seed	Radicle emerged from caryopsis			
06	Elongation of radicle, formation of root hairs	Radicle elongated, root hairs			
	and/or lateral roots	and/or side roots visible			
07	Hypocotyl with cotyledons or shoot breaking	Coleoptile emerged from caryopsis			
	through seed coat				
08	Hypocotyl with cotyledons or shoot growing				
	towards soil surface				
09	Emergence: Cotyledons break through soil	Emergence: coleoptile penetrates			
	surface	soil surface (cracking stage)			
10	First true leaf emerged from coleoptile	First leaf through coleoptile			
11	First true leaf, leaf pair or whorl unfolded	First leaf unfolded			

BBCH	Weed	Cereal
number		
12	2 true leaves, leaf pairs or whorls unfolded	2 leaves unfolded
13	3 true leaves, leaf pairs or whorls unfolded	3 leaves unfolded
14	4 true leaves, leaf pairs or whorls unfolded	4 leaves unfolded
15	5 true leaves, leaf pairs or whorls unfolded	5 leaves unfolded
16	6 true leaves, leaf pairs or whorls unfolded	6 leaves unfolded
17	7 true leaves, leaf pairs or whorls unfolded	7 leaves unfolded
18	8 true leaves, leaf pairs or whorls unfolded	8 leaves unfolded
19	9 or more true leaves, leaf pairs or whorls	9 or more leaves unfolded
	unfolded	

BBCH values higher than 19 represent growth of the plant beyond the principle growth stage 5 2 in which side shoots are formed (tillering).

Typically, in the invention, when the herbicide combination is applied to the locus when said weed has partially grown, the weed has typically grown to a growth stage of from

BBCHweed 01 to BBCHweed 19. More often
the weed has grown to a growth stage of from
BBCHweed 01 to BBCHweed 11. For
example, the weed may have grown to a
growth stage of from BBCHweed 09 to

BBCHweed 14 such as about BBCHweed 11.

Typically, in the invention, the herbicide combination is applied to the locus for growing the cereal crop pre-emergence of the crop. For example, the herbicide combination 5 can be applied to the locus before seeding, during seeding, or, in most applications, after seeding and before the crop emerges, so as to prevent the emergence of weeds. Thus, the herbicide combination can be applied to the 10 locus before planting the crop (for instance before sowing seeds of the crop), during planting the crop (for instance during sowing seeds of the crop), or, in most applications, after planting the crop (for instance after 15 sowing seeds of the crop) and before the crop

emerges.

30

another embodiment, the herbicide combination may be applied to the locus after emergence of the crop. Additionally, or 20 alternatively, the herbicide combination may be applied to the locus when said crop has partially grown. For example, the crop may have grown to a growth stage of from BBCHcereal 01 to BBCHcereal 19. More 25 often the crop has grown to a growth stage of from BBCHcereal 01 to BBCHcereal 11. For example, the crop may have grown to a growth stage of from BBCHcereal 09 to BBCHcereal 14 such as about BBCHcereal 11.

Typically, application of the herbicide combination to the locus involves application of the herbicide combination to soil at the locus. Usually, the herbicide combination is 35 applied to the surface of the soil. However, when the herbicide combination is applied to

the locus when the weed has partially grown, especially when the weed has grown to a growth stage post emergence, for example to a growth stage of from BBCHweed 09 to 40 BBCHweed 19, the herbicide combination can be applied directly to the weed. Typically, the herbicide combination is applied by spraying in the form of a composition.

45 As mentioned above, the napropamide employed in the invention may be racemic napropamide, i.e. it may be a mixture of equal amounts of D-napropamide (also referred to as napropamide-M or (R)-napropamide) and L-50 napropamide (also referred to as (S)napropamide). However, it is known that, of the two isomers of napropamide, the D-isomer is the only one to have significant herbicidal activity; D-napropamide may therefore be 55 employed in preference to racemic napropamide. Often, therefore, the napropamide employed in the invention contains more D-napropamide than Lnapropamide. For instance, the molar ratio of D-napropamide to L-napropamide, in the napropamide employed in the invention, may be greater than 1:1. The molar ratio of Dnapropamide to L-napropamide employed may for instance be at least 3:2, or for instance 65 at least 7:3, for instance at least 4:1, or at least 9:1. The napropamide employed in the invention may for instance be D-napropamide. Accordingly, the herbicide combination is often substantially free or free of Lnapropamide ((S)-napropamide). In other words, the invention does not exclude compositions comprising L-napropamide wherein the active ingredients include D-

napropamide. However, typically in the invention the herbicide combination does not comprise L-napropamide. Thus, the napropamide employed in the invention may 5 consist of D-napropamide.

In the invention, the herbicide combination may be applied in any suitable amount to achieve control of the weed crop at the locus. The herbicide combination may for instance 10 be applied in an amount corresponding to from about 10 g/Ha to about 2 kg/Ha of Dnapropamide, or for instance from about 10 g/Ha to about 1.5 kg/Ha of D-napropamide. For example, the herbicide combination may 15 be applied in an amount corresponding to from about 10 g/Ha to about 1 kg/Ha Dnapropamide. For example, the herbicide combination may be applied from a suspension concentrate comprising about 450 20 g/L of D-napropamide. Thus, a 0.1 L/Ha administration of such a composition corresponds to an administration of 45 g/Ha of D-napropamide. Similarly, a 0.4 L/Ha administration of such composition 25 corresponds to an administration of 180 g/Ha of D-napropamide; a 0.7 L/Ha administration of such a composition corresponds to an administration of 315 g/Ha of D-napropamide; a 1 L/Ha administration of such a composition 30 corresponds to an administration of 450 g/Ha of D-napropamide; a 1.4 L/Ha administration of such a composition corresponds to an administration of 630 g/Ha of D-napropamide; and a 1.7 L/Ha administration of such a 35 composition corresponds to an administration of 765 g/Ha of D-napropamide; etc.

More often, in the invention, the herbicide combination is applied in an amount corresponding to from about 400 g/Ha to about 700 g/Ha D-napropamide. The inventors 40 have found that such administration levels are particularly advantageous as the long term effects on the crop (e.g. measured from about 25 to about 54 days after anthesis, DAA) may 45 be improved at such administration levels; whilst the activity against weeds is not reduced. For example, administration regimes corresponding to from about 1 to about 1.5 L/Ha of a suspension concentrate comprising about 450 g/L of D-napropamide have been found to be particularly advantageous.

ET P 157 B1

It should be emphasised that each amount of napropamide in g or kg recited in the preceding two paragraphs is an amount of the 55 D-isomer, i.e. D-napropamide, not a total amount of napropamide including both Dnapropamide L-napropamide. and As discussed hereinbefore, the herbicide combination may or may not comprise Lnapropamide in addition to the D-napropamide (for instance it may contain racemic napropamide). If the herbicide combination does not contain any L-napropamide, i.e. if the napropamide employed in the herbicide composition is only D-napropamide, then each value given above in the preceding two paragraphs for the amount of D-napropamide will be the same as the total amount of napropamide in the herbicide combination. If on the other hand the napropamide employed in the herbicide is racemic napropamide, and therefore contains a 1:1 molar ratio of Dnapropamide and L-napropamide, each value

given above in the preceding two paragraphs for the amount of D-napropamide will be half the total amount of napropamide in the herbicide combination that is applied 5 including both D- and L-napropamide.

In an embodiment, the amounts of the second herbicide (and, where present, the third herbicide) may be selected as per conventionally approved predefined quantities.

For example, in some embodiments the napropamide employed in the invention is racemic napropamide and the total amount of napropamide including both the D- and L-15 isomers will be double the amount specified above for D-napropamide. Thus, in some embodiments, the napropamide employed in herbicide combination is racemic napropamide and the herbicide may be applied 20 to achieve control of the weed crop at the locus in an amount corresponding to from about 20 g/Ha to about 4 kg/Ha of racemic napropamide, or for instance from about 20 g/Ha to about 3 kg/Ha of racemic napropamide. For example, the herbicide combination comprising napropamide may be applied in an amount corresponding to from about 20 g/Ha to about 2 kg/Ha racemic napropamide. For example, the herbicide may 30 be applied from a suspension concentrate comprising about 450 g/L of racemic napropamide. Thus, a 0.2 L/Ha administration of such a composition corresponds to an of 90 g/Ha administration of racemic 35 napropamide. Similarly, a 0.8 L/Ha administration composition of such a

corresponds to an administration of 360 g/Ha racemic napropamide; a 1.4 L/Ha administration of such a composition corresponds to an administration of 630 g/Ha 40 racemic napropamide; a 2 L/Ha administration of such composition a corresponds to an administration of 900 g/Ha racemic napropamide; 2.8 L/Ha a 45 administration of such a composition corresponds to an administration of 1260 g/Ha of racemic napropamide; and a 3.4 L/Ha administration of such composition corresponds to an administration of 1530 g/Ha 50 of racemic napropamide; etc.

In some embodiments of the invention, the napropamide is racemic napropamide and the herbicide combination comprising napropamide is applied in an amount corresponding to from about 800 g/Ha to about 1400 g/Ha racemic napropamide. Such administration levels are particularly advantageous as the long-term effects on the crop (e.g. measured from about 25 to about 54 days after anthesis, DAA) may be improved at such administration levels; whilst the activity against weeds is not reduced. For example, administration regimes corresponding to from about 2 to about 3 L/Ha of a suspension concentrate comprising about 450 g/L of racemic napropamide are particularly advantageous.

In the invention, the combination comprising napropamide is often comprised in a room composition comprising at least one agronomically acceptable excipient, diluent, adjuvant and/or safener in addition to the

herbicides. Agronomically acceptable excipients may be selected from carriers, inert materials, organic or inorganic solvents, minerals, mixed solvents, wetting agents 5 and/or emulsifying agents, adhesive agents, anti-caking agents, deflocculating agents, and the like. Such a herbicidal composition may be formulated in the form of solid and liquid formulations. Agronomically acceptable 10 adjuvants may be selected from preservatives, surfactants, wetting agents, emulsifying agents, and dispersing agents. Agronomically acceptable diluents may be selected from liquid diluents such as water and solid diluents 15 such as clay, diatomaceous earth, bentonite, and silica. Liquid diluents are most commonly used in the invention. Water is typically used as the diluent. Agronomically acceptable safeners may act by interacting directly with 20 the biochemical targets or receptor proteins of herbicides in crop plants; by reducing the amount of herbicide reaching crop plants in an active form either by reducing herbicide uptake or translocation; and/or by increasing the degradation of herbicides to less active or

In the invention, the composition comprises napropamide in a composition further comprising a second herbicide, and optionally a third herbicide. The composition may further comprise one or more additional active agents. A broad-spectrum herbicide may also be used as an additional active agent. The additional active agent is typically not active against cereal crops. The additional active agent may for example comprise ethofumesate, flufenacet and/or pendimethalin in an embodiment.

immobile metabolites.

The invention also provides a method of selectively controlling a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop, said method comprising application of combinations comprising napropramide to the locus, wherein a cereal crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after application of said combinations comprising napropamide to the locus. In such aspects of the invention, the weed is typically as defined herein; the cereal is typically as defined herein; the combinations comprising napropamide is typically as defined herein and/or the application of the combinations comprising napropramide is typically as defined herein. The method may comprise application of the herbicide combination to the locus followed by planting of the cereal crop, 55 or may comprise planting of the cereal crop followed by application of the herbicide combination.

The invention also provides a locus for growing a cereal crop, wherein a weed and a cereal crop are both present at the locus and the locus has a herbicide combinations for selective control of the weed applied thereto, wherein said herbicide combinations consists of or comprises napropamide and a second and optionally, a third herbicide. In such aspects of the invention, the weed is typically as defined herein; the cereal is typically as defined herein; the combinations comprising napropamide is typically as defined herein and/or the application of the combinations comprising napropramide is typically as defined herein. The locus, which typically comprises soil suitable for growing the cereal crop, in addition to the weed, cereal crop and

herbicide composition themselves, may also be as further defined herein. For instance, the locus may be a container such as a pot or grow-bag, a garden bed or a field.

5 The invention also provides a kit comprising napropamide combinations for the selective control of a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop and instructions for use. The instructions for typically comprise use 10 instructions for the application of the napropamide combinations to the locus. The cereal crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after application of napropamide combinations to the locus.

#### 15 Typically, the kit comprises:

20

- i) a first component, wherein the first component comprises napropamide;
- ii) a second component, wherein the second component comprises the second herbicide, and optionally the third herbicide;
- iii) a third component comprising an agrochemically acceptable excipient, diluent, adjuvant and/or safener;

and optionally further comprises:

iv) instructions for use.

The kit may also optionally comprise (v) a fourth component comprising an additional active agent, for instance a third herbicide.

30 Typically, the instructions for use comprise instructions directing a user to admix the components of the kit. Usually, the instructions for use comprise instructions directing a user to admix the components of

35 the kit before application of the components of the kit to the locus.

ET P 157 B1

Often, the components of the kit are packaged separately. However, the invention is not limited to kits in which the components are packaged separately. For example, the first component and the second component and the third component may be packaged together or formulated together. Similarly, the first and second components may be packed together or formulated together. If a fourth component as described above is present, then the first optionally component and the second component may be packaged together or together formulated with the fourth 50 component. Alternatively, the third component may be packaged together or formulated together with the fourth component. In yet another embodiment, the first component, the second component, the third component and the fourth component may be packaged 55 together or formulated together.

In embodiments of the kit of the invention in which the first component and the second component (and optionally the fourth) components are packaged separately, the first component and the third component may be tank mixed before being administered to the locus. Typically such administration to the locus is by spraying.

65 In embodiments of the kit of the invention in which the first component and the second component (and optionally the fourth component) are packaged together, other components e.g. the third component may be packaged separately. In such embodiments,

the components (i.e. (i) the first component, the second component and the fourth component; and (ii) the third component) may be tank mixed before being administered to the locus. Typically such administration to the locus is by spraying.

Typically, therefore, in the kit of the invention:

- a) the first and second components are
   packaged separately, wherein preferably
   the first and second components are
   provided in a form suitable for tank
   mixing prior to administration to a locus;
   or
- 15 b) the first and second components are formulated together, wherein preferably said first and second components are provided in a form suitable for tank mixing with said third component prior to
   20 administration to a locus; or
- c) a fourth component comprising a additional active agent is present and said first, second and fourth components are formulated together; wherein preferably said first, second and fourth components are provided in a form suitable for tank mixing with said third component prior to administration to a locus.

Typically, in the kit of the invention, said napropamide is D-napropamide.

Typically, in the kit of the invention, when a fourth component comprising a additional active agent is present, said additional active agent is selected from ethofumesate,

35 flufenacet and/or pendimethalin in an embodiment.

Typically, the instructions for use direct the user to administer the first component (i.e. the napropamide or a composition comprising the napropamide) to a locus for growing a cereal crop; wherein the cereal crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after said administration. Often, the instructions for use direct the user to administer the first component (i.e. the napropamide or a composition comprising the napropamide) to a locus for growing a cereal crop; wherein a weed and the cereal crop are both present at the locus. In other words, the instructions for use typically direct the user to administer the first component (i.e. napropamide or a composition comprising napropamide) at the locus growing a cereal crop monocotyledonous weed.

55 Typically, the instructions for use direct the user to administer the first component (i.e. the napropamide or a composition comprising the napropamide) to a cereal crop which is planted at the locus at a depth of at least 1 cm, e.g. at 60 least 2 cm.

Typically, the instructions for use direct the user to administer the first component (i.e. the napropamide or a composition comprising the napropamide) at a locus wherein the weed Alopecurus is present. Often, the instructions for use direct the user to administer the first component (i.e. the napropamide or a composition comprising the napropamide) to a locus growing a cereal crop and a weed, wherein the weed is resistant to

control by conventional selective herbicides apart from napropamide.

Typically, the instructions for use direct the user to administer the first component (i.e. the napropamide or a composition comprising the napropamide), to a locus growing a cereal crop and a monocotyledonous weed, along with a second herbicide. The second herbicide is typically comprised in the third component.

The following examples illustrate the invention. They do not, however, limit the invention in any way. In particular, there are many measures of efficacy and selectivity of a herbicide composition when applied to a locus
 for growing a cereal crop, and so a negative result in any specific method is not determinative.

#### **EXAMPLES**

A suspension concentrates (SC) comprising 20 450 g/L napropamide-m (40.9% w/w) was produced, and was applied to crops as described herein. Suspension concentrates of napropamide are commercially available under the trade name Devrinol (United 25 Phosphorus).

#### Example 1

A herbicide composition consisting of an SC of 450 g/L napropamide-m (HBW03) was applied to winter wheat either pre- or post-30 emergence. The normalised plant count was determined as a percentage of the plant count observed in the absence of the herbicide. Control experiments were conducted with the conventional herbicide Trooper, as defined 35 above. The amount and administration route of the compositions applied to the crop is shown in Table 1 below.

40

45

50

### TABLE 1

Herbicide	Amount	Administration
	Administered	route
	(L/Ha)	
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.40	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.70	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.00	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.40	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.70	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.70	early post-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.40	early post-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L+ Trooper	0.70+ 2.50	early post-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L + Trooper	1.40 + 2.50	early post-em
Trooper / Malibu	2.50	pre-em
Trooper	5.00	pre-em
Trooper	4.00	pre-em
Trooper	8.00	pre-em

Results from an average of 6 field trials (napropamide; Trooper low dose: 4 sites; 5 Trooper high dose: 2 sites) with herbicide application in October are shown in **FIG. 1**. As can be seen, the application of napropamide had no detectable effect on the growth of winter wheat. Plant survival after 10 emergence was 100% of the survival rate in the absence of napropamide.

Similar experiments were carried out at another site where the effect of seed depth was to be determined, see Example 3 below.

15 Control experiments were conducted with the conventional herbicides Trooper and Xerton, as defined above. The amount and administration route of the compositions applied to the crop is shown in Table 2 below.

### TABLE 2

Herbicide	Amount	Administration
	Administered	route
	(L/Ha)	
None (crop untreated)		
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.4	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.7	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.4	pre-em
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.7	pre-em
Trooper / Malibu	2.5	pre-em
Xerton	0.6	pre-em

Results are shown in **FIG. 2.** As can be seen, the application of napropamide had very low 5 effect on the growth of winter wheat. Plant survival after emergence was comparable with that following application of conventional herbicides Trooper/Malibu and Xerton.

# Example 2

10 A herbicide composition consisting of an SC of 450 g/L napropamide-m was applied to

winter wheat either pre- or post-emergence (BBCH 11). The percentage phytotoxicity was determined. Control experiments were conducted with the conventional herbicide Trooper, as defined above. The amount and administration route of the compositions applied to the crop and the results thereof is shown in Table 3 below.

20

TABLE 3

Herbicide	Amount Administered (L/Ha)	Administration route	Phytoto	oxicity / %	<b>/</b> 6	
			2 weeks	4 weeks	146 DAA	159 DAA
None (crop untreated)	-	-				
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.4	pre-em	0.0	0.0	0	0
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.7	pre-em	0.0	0.0	0	0
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1	pre-em	0.0	0.2	0	2
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.4	pre-em	0.1	1.4	0	4
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.7	pre-em	0.6	3.2	5	9
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.7	BBCH 11	0.0	0.0	0	2
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.4	BBCH 11	0.0	0.0	0	6
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L + Trooper	0.7 + 2.5	BBCH 11	0.0	1.7	0	2
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L + Trooper	1.4 + 2.5	BBCH 11	0.0	1.9	0	4
Trooper / Malibu	2.5 or 4	pre-em	0.1	1.0	0	6
Trooper	5 or 8.00	pre-em	1.2	3.5	1	13

The results show that napropamide shows low 5 phytotoxicity against cereals such as wheat.

#### Example 3

Experiments were conducted to assess the effect of the depth at which crop seeds were planted. A herbicide composition consisting of an SC of 450 g/L napropamide-m was applied by spraying to winter wheat pre-emergence.

Normalised plant count was determined at 20DAA as a percentage of the plant count observed in the absence of the herbicide.

15 Control experiments were conducted with the conventional herbicides Trooper and Xerton, as defined above. The amount of the compositions applied to the crop, and the results on plant growth, are shown in Table 4 20 below.

TABLE 4

Herbicide	Amount	Crop p	anting d	epth / cn	n .
	Administered				
	(L/Ha)				
		0.5	1	2	3
None (crop untreated)	-	100	100	100	100
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.4	78	90	97	100
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.7	73	83	92	100
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1	60	75	92	98
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.4	56	71	86	101
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.7	50	72	90	99
Xerton	0.6	75	82	95	98
Malibu	2.5	70	83	98	100

Results show that napropamide is selective for winter wheat and is particularly beneficial at 5 increased sowing depths.

# Example 4

Experiments were conducted to assess the effect of increased time (measured as days after anthesis, DAA) following application of a herbicide composition consisting of an SC of 450 g/L napropamide-m. The herbicide composition was applied by spraying in a pot

test (planting depth 2 cm) to winter wheat preemergence. Normalised plant count was 15 determined as a percentage of the plant count observed in the absence of the herbicide.

Control experiments were conducted with the conventional herbicides Trooper and Xerton, as defined above. The amount of the compositions applied to the crop, and the resulting plant growth, are shown in Table 5 below.

Table 5

Herbicide	Amount Administered (L/Ha)	Plant growth				
		11 DAA	25 DAA	54 DAA		
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.4	96	93	99		

Herbicide	Amount Administered (L/Ha)	Plant growth		
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.7	92	94	99
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1	86	93	96
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.4	87	92	99
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.7	92	94	88
Xerton	0.6	81	83	69
Malibu	2.5	89	96	101

Results show that napropamide is selective for winter wheat and that any phytotoxic effects are diminished over time. Significantly 5 reduced phytotoxicity is observed compared to the conventional herbicide Xerton. Particularly Experiments were conducted to assess the effect of increased time (measured as days after anthesis, DAA) following application of a herbicide composition consisting of an SC of 15 450 g/L napropamide-m. The herbicide composition was applied by spraying in a pot test (planting depth 2 cm) to winter wheat pr-

beneficial effects are seen when napropamide is administered below 1.7 L/Ha of a SC @ 450 g/L.

### 10 Example 5

emergence. Percentage phytotoxicity was determined. Control experiments were conducted with the conventional herbicides Trooper and Xerton, as defined above. Theamount of the compositions applied to the crop, and the resulting phytotoxicity, are shown in Table 6 below.

25

Table 6

Herbicide	Amount	Phytotoxic	city / %	
	Administered			
	(L/Ha)			
0		11 DAA	25 DAA	54 DAA
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.4	1.5	0.0	0.0
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.7	6.0	1.3	0.0
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1	18.3	8.8	0.0
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.4	23.8	17.0	8.8
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.7	23.8	16.8	15.0
Xerton	0.6	69.5	76.8	73.0
Malibu	2.5	9.0	7.5	0.0

Results show that napropamide is selective for winter wheat and that any phytotoxic effects

5 are diminished over time. Significantly reduced phytotoxicity is observed compared to the conventional herbicide Xerton.

#### Example 6

Experiments were conducted to assess the efficacy of herbicide compositions comprising napropamide-m to control a common weed, ALOMY (Alopecurus myosuroides S strain) which is resistant to control by conventional herbicides such as Xerton. Percentage efficacy

- over time (measured as days after anthesis, DAA) following application of a herbicide composition consisting of an SC of 450 g/L napropamide-m. The herbicide composition was applied by spraying in a pot test (planting depth 2 cm) to ALOMY (S strain) pre-emergence. Control experiments were conducted with the conventional herbicides Trooper/Malibu and Xerton, as defined above.
- 25 The amount of the compositions applied to the weed, and the resulting percentage control on the weed growth, are shown in Table 7 below.

Table 7

Herbicide	Amount Administered (L/Ha)	Efficacy / %			
		11 DAA	25 DAA	54 DAA	
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.4	81.7	88.0	93.0	
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.7	85.4	89.7	91.3	
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1	93.0	97.6	99.3	
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.4	96.7	99.3	98.3	
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.7	99.1	98.8	99.3	
Xerton	0.6	49.3	48.6	50.2	
Trooper/Malibu	2.5	90.6	96.4	96.6	

Results show that napropamide is effective in controlling growth of weeds such as ALOMY 5 (S strain). Napropamide is much more effective than conventional herbicides such as Xerton and can achieve improved control relative to herbicides such as Trooper/Malibu at significantly lower application rates.

# 10 Example 7

Experiments were conducted to assess the efficacy of herbicide compositions comprising napropamide-m to control a common weed, ALOMY (Alopecurus myosuroides Peldon multi-R strain) which is resistant to control by conventional herbicides such as Xerton.

efficacy of herbicide Percentage the composition was determined over time (measured as days after anthesis, DAA) of 20 following application herbicide composition consisting of an SC of 450 g/L napropamide-m. The herbicide composition was applied by spraying in a pot test (planting depth 2 cm) to ALOMY (Peldon multi-R 25 strain) pre-emergence. Control experiments were conducted with the conventional herbicides Trooper/Malibu and Xerton, as defined above. The amount compositions applied to the weed, and the 30 resulting percentage control on the weed growth, are shown in Table 8 below.

Table 8

Herbicide	Amount	Efficacy /	%	
	Administered			
	(L/Ha)			
		11 DAA	25 DAA	54 DAA
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.4	66.3	74.5	78.9
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	0.7	92.1	90.9	86.5
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1	91.6	90.9	94.0
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.4	91.4	92.7	94.0
Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	1.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Xerton	0.6	32.8	43.7	52.6
Trooper/Malibu	2.5	100.0	100.0	97.7

Results show that napropamide is effective in controlling growth of weeds such as ALOMY

5 (Peldon multi-R strain). Napropamide is much more effective than conventional herbicides such as Xerton and can achieve improved control relative to herbicides such as Trooper/Malibu, and at significantly reduced application rates. Particularly beneficial effects are seen when napropamide is administered above 1 L/Ha of a SC @ 450 g/L.

#### Example 8

Experiments were conducted to assess the efficacy of herbicide compositions comprising napropamide-m to control a common weed,

ALOMY (Alopecurus myosuroides ), in a field trial. Weed plants occurred at a density of 20 ca. 5-10 plants/m2. Percentage efficacy of the herbicide composition was determined at 207 days after anthesis. DAA. following application of a herbicide composition consisting of an SC of 450 g/L napropamide-25 m. The herbicide composition was applied by spraying either pre-emergence or postemergence (BBCH 11) of the weed. Control conducted with experiments were conventional herbicides Trooper, as defined 30 above. The amount of the compositions applied to the weed, and the resulting percentage control on the weed growth, are shown in Table 9 below.

Table 9

Herbi ( g/Ha			Herbicide	Admin- istration	Amount Administere d (L/Ha)	Efficacy / %
Nap	FFT	PDM				207 DAA

Herbicide (g/Ha)			Herbicide	Admin- istration	Amount Administere d (L/Ha)	Efficacy / %
108			Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	Pre-em	0.4	45
315			Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	Pre-em	0.7	50
450			Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	Pre-em	1	55
630			Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	Pre-em	1.4	68
765			Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	Pre-em	1.7	70
315			Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	BBCH 11	0.7	58
630			Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L	BBCH 11	1.4	65
315	150	750	Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L + Trooper	BBCH 11	0.7 + 2.5	94
630	150	750	Napropamide-m, SC @ 450 g/L + Trooper	BBCH 11	1.4 + 2.5	96
	150	750	Trooper	Pre-em	2.5	90
	300	1500	Trooper	Pre-em	5	98

Nap = Napropamide-m

FFT = Flufenacet

# 5 PDM = Pendimethalin

Results show that napropamide is effective in controlling growth of weeds such as ALOMY and can be administered with conventional

herbicides such as Trooper to improve the efficacy of weed control.

#### **Claims**

- 1. Use of a combination comprising napropamide and a second herbicide for selective control of a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop; wherein the cereal crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after application of said napropamide to the locus.
- Use of a combination according to claim
   1, wherein said weed is a monocotyledonous weed.
- Use of a combination according to claim

   wherein the genus of said weed is selected from Alopecurus (for example

   Alopecurus myosuroides), Echinochloa (for example Echinochloa crus-galli L.),

   Bromus (for example Bromus secalinus or Bromus tectorum L.), Lolium (for example Lolium perenne L.) and Setaria

   (for example Setaria glauca L. Beauv.)
  - Use of a combination according to claim
     , wherein said weed is of genus
     Alopecurus, wherein preferably said weed is Alopecurus myosuroides.
- 25 5. Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said weed is resistant to control by ethofumesate, flufenacet and/or pendimethalin.
- Use of a combination according to claim
   the said cereal crop is selected from wheat, barley, rice, maize, sorghum, oats, rye, millet, triticale and fonio.
  - **7.** Use of napropamide according to claim 1, wherein said cereal crop is wheat.
- 35 **8.** Use of a combination according to claim 7, wherein said wheat is a winter wheat.

- Use of a combination according to claim
   wherein said napropamide is D-napropamide.
- 40 **10.** Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said napropamide is applied to said locus pre-emergence of said cereal crop.
- 11. Use of a combination according toclaim 1 wherein said napropamide is applied to said locus after planting the cereal crop at the locus.
- 12. Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said napropamide isapplied to said locus after emergence of said cereal crop.
- 13. Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said napropamide is applied to said locus when said cereal
  55 crop has grown to a growth stage of from BBCH cereal 01 to BBCHcereal
  19, and preferably when said cereal crop has grown to a growth stage of from BBCHcereal 01 to BBCHcereal
  60 11.
  - **14.** Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said cereal crop is planted at the locus at a depth of at least 1 cm.
- 65 **15.** Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said cereal crop is planted at the locus at a depth of at least 2 cm.

45

- 16. Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said combination is applied in an amount corresponding to about 10 g/Ha to about 1 kg/Ha D-napropamide.
  - 17. Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said combination is applied in an amount corresponding to about 400 g/Ha to about 700 g/Ha D-napropamide.
- 18. Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said combination is comprised in a herbicide composition further comprising at least one agronomically acceptable excipient, diluent, adjuvant and/or safener.
- 19. Use of a combination according to claim 1, wherein said combination is comprised in a herbicide composition
  20 further comprising an additional active agent, wherein preferably said additional active agent is selected from ethofumesate, flufenacet and/or pendimethalin.
- 25 **20.** A method of selectively controlling a weed at a locus for growing a cereal crop, said method comprising application of a combination comprising napropamide and a second herbicide to the locus, wherein a cereal 30 crop is present at the locus or is planted at the locus after application of said combination to the locus.

- **21.** A method according to claim 20, wherein:
  - said weed is as defined in any one of aspects 2 to 5; and/or
  - said cereal is as defined in any one of aspects 6, 7, 8, 14 or 15; and/or
- 40 said napropamide is as defined in aspect 9; and/or
  - said combination is as defined in aspect 18 or 19; and/or
  - said application is as defined in any one of aspects 10, 11, 12, 13, 16 or 17.
  - 22. A locus for growing a cereal crop, wherein a weed and a cereal crop are both present at the locus and the locus has a herbicide combination for selective control of the weed applied thereto, wherein said herbicide combination comprises napropamide and a second herbicide.
  - 23. A locus according to claim 24, wherein:
- said weed is as defined in any one of
   aspects 2 to 5; and/or
  - said cereal is as defined in any one of aspects 6, 7, 8, 14 or 15; and/or
  - said napropamide is as defined in aspect 9;
     and/or
- 60 said herbicide combination is as defined in aspect 18 or 19; and/or
  - said herbicide combination is applied to said locus as defined in aspect 10, 11, 12, 13, 16 or 17.
- 65 **24.** A kit, comprising:
  - i) a first component, wherein the first component comprises napropamide; and

10

15

30

35

40

45

50

55

60

- ii) a second component, wherein the second component comprises a second herbicide; and
- iii) a third component comprising an agrochemically acceptable excipient, diluent, adjuvant and/or safener; and optionally further comprising:
- iv) a fourth component comprising an additional active agent such as a further herbicide; and/or
- v) instructions for use.

# **25.** A kit according to claim 24, wherein:

- a) the first and second components are packaged separately, wherein preferably the first and second components are provided in a form suitable for tank mixing prior to administration to a locus; or
- b) the first and second components
  are formulated together, wherein
  preferably said first and second
  components are provided in a form
  suitable for tank mixing with said
  third component prior to
  administration to a locus; or
  - c) a fourth component comprising a additional active agent is present and said first, second and fourth components are formulated together; wherein preferably said first, second and fourth components are provided in a form suitable for tank mixing with said

- third component prior to administration to a locus; and/or
- said napropamide is Dnapropamide; and/or
- said additional active agent is selected from ethofumesate, flufenacet and/or pendimethalin.
- 26. A use, method, locus or kit according to any preceding claims wherein the second herbicide is selected from clomazone, benfluralin, a urea herbicide, a triazine herbicide, hydroxybenzonitrile herbicide, thiocarbamate herbicide, a pyridazine herbicide, chloroacetanilide herbicides; benzothiazole herbicides; carbanilate herbicides, cyclohexene oxime herbicides; picolinic acid herbicides; pyridine herbicides; quinolinecarboxylic acid herbicides; chlorotriazine herbicides, aryloxyphenoxypropionic herbicides, oxadiazolone herbicides; phenylurea herbicides, sulfonanilide herbicides; triazolopyrimidine herbicides, amide herbicides, pyridazine herbicides, and dinitroaniline herbicides.
- **27.** A use, method, locus or kit according to any preceding claims wherein the second is selected from:

40

45

50

55

60

herbicide selected an urea from benzthiazuron, cumyluron, cycluron, dichloralurea, diflufenzopyr, isonoruron, isouron, 5 methabenzthiazuron, monisouron, noruron. anisuron, buturon, chlorbromuron. chloreturon. chlorotoluron, chloroxuron, daimuron, difenoxuron, dimefuron, diuron, fluometuron, 10 fenuron, fluothiuron, isoproturon, linuron, methiuron, methyldymron, metobenzuron, metobromuron, metoxuron, monolinuron, monuron, neburon, parafluron, phenobenzuron, siduron, 15 tetrafluron, thidiazuron, azimsulfuron. amidosulfuron. bensulfuron, chlorimuron, cyclosulfamuron, ethoxysulfuron, 20 flazasulfuron, flucetosulfuron, flupyrsulfuron, foramsulfuron, halosulfuron, imazosulfuron, mesosulfuron, metazosulfuron, methiopyrisulfuron, monosulfuron, 25 propyrisulfuron, nicosulfuron, orthosulfamuron, pyrazosulfuron, rimsulfuron, oxasulfuron, sulfometuron, primisulfuron, sulfosulfuron, trifloxysulfuron, zuomihuanglong, chlorsulfuron, 30 cinosulfuron, ethametsulfuron, iofensulfuron, iodosulfuron, metsulfuron, prosulfiron, thifensulfuron, triasulfuron, tribenuron, triflusulfuron, tritosulfuron, buthiuron, ethidimuron, tebuthiuron, thiazafluron and thidiazuron, preferably dimefuron;

triazine herbicide selected from the consisting group of dipropetryn, fucaojing, trihydroxytriazine, atrazine, chlorazine, cyanazine, cyprazine, eglinazine, ipazine, mesoprazine, procyazine, proglinazine, propazine, sebuthylazine, simazine. terbuthylazine, trietazine, indaziflam, triaziflam, atraton, methometon, prometon, secbumeton, simeton, terbumeton, ametryn, aziprotryne, cyanatryn, desmetryn, dimethametryn, methoprotryne, prometryn, simetryn and terbutryn;

- a nitrile herbicide selected from bromobonil, bromoxynil, chloroxynil, dichlobenil, iodobonil, ioxynil and pyraclonil;
- a thiocarbamate herbicide selected from dazomet and metam;
- a pyridazine herbicide selected from credazine, cyclopyrimorate, pyridafol and pyridate;
- a chloroacetanilide herbicide selected from acetochlor, alachlor, butachlor, butenachlor, delachlor, diethatyl, dimethachlor, ethachlor, ethaprochlor, metazachlor, metolachlor, S-

- metolachlor, pretilachlor, propachlor, propisochlor, prynachlor, terbuchlor, thenylchlor and xylachlor;
- a benzothiazole herbicide selected from
   benazolin, benzthiazuron, fenthiaprop,
   mefenacet and methabenzthiazuron;
- a carbanilate herbicide selected from a carbanilate herbicide selected from barban, BCPC, carbasulam, 10 carbetamide, CEPC, chlorbufam, chlorpropham, CPPC, desmedipham, phenisopham, phenmedipham, phenmedipham-ethyl, propham and swep;
- 15 a cyclohexene oxime herbicide selected from alloxydim, butroxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, profoxydim, sethoxydim, tepraloxydim and tralkoxydim;
- 20 a picolinic acid herbicide selected from aminopyralid, clopyralid, halauxifen and picloram;
- pyridine herbicide selected from aminopyralid, cliodinate, clopyralid, diflufenican. dithiopyr, flufenican, 25 fluroxypyr, halauxifen, haloxydine, picloram, picolinafen, pyriclor, pyroxsulam, thiazopyr and triclopyr;
- a quinoline carboxylic acid herbicide
   30 selected from quinclorac and quinmerac;

- aryloxyphenoxypropionic an acid herbicide selected from cloprop, 4-CPP, dichlorprop, dichlorprop-P, 3,4-DP, fenoprop, mecoprop, mecoprop-P, 35 chlorazifop, clodinafop, clofop, cyhalofop, diclofop, fenoxaprop, fenoxaprop-P, fenthiaprop, fluazifop, fluazifop- P, haloxyfop, haloxyfop-P, kuicaoxi, metamifop. isoxapyrifop, 40 propaquizafop, quizalofop, quizalofop-P and trifop;
  - a oxadiazolone herbicide selected from dimefuron, methazole, oxadiargyl and oxadiazon;
  - a sulfoanilide herbicide selected from benzofluor, cloransulam, diclosulam, florasulam, flumetsulam, metosulam, perfluidone, profluazol and pyrimisulfan;
  - a triazolopyrimidine herbicide selected from cloransulam, diclosulam, florasulam, flumetsulam, metosulam, penoxsulam and pyroxsulam;
- 55 a amide herbicide selected from allidochlor. amicarbazone. beflubutamid, benzadox, benzipram, bromobutide, cafenstrole, CDEA, dimethenamid, cyprazole, dimethenamid-P. diphenamid, 60 etnipromid, epronaz, fentrazamide. flucarbazone, flupoxam, fomesafen, halosafen, huangcaoling, isocarbamid,

35

40

isoxaben, naptalam, pethoxamid, propyzamide, quinonamid, saflufenacil, tebutam and tiafenacil;

- a pyridazine herbicide selected from
   5 credazine, cyclopyrimorate, pyridafol
   and pyridate; glufosinate; and
  - a dinitroaniline herbicide selected from benfluralin, butralin, chlornidine, dinitramine, dipropalin, ethalfluralin, fluchloralin, isopropalin, methalpropalin, nitralin, oryzalin, prodiamine, profluralin and trifluralin.
- 28. A use, method, locus or kit according to any preceding aspect wherein the second S-Metolachlor; Clomazone; Diflufenican; herbicide is selected from Benfluraline; Quinmerac; Metazachlor; Flufenacet+diflufenacet; Quinmerac+Metazachlor; Glufosinate;

L-Glufosinate, Metribuzin;
 Clomazone+S- Metolachlor;
 Dimethachlor; Benazolin;
 Carbetamide; Clethodim; Cycloxydim;
 Sethoxydim; Clopyralid; Cyanazine;
 Simazine; Diclofop; Fenoxaprop-P;

Fluazifop-P; Haloxyfop-P;
Propaquizafop; Quizalafop;
Dimefuron; Flumetsulam;
Propyzamide; Pyridate; Trifluralin;
and Clomazone+Metazachlor.

**29.** A use, method, locus or kit according to any preceding claims wherein the

second herbicide is selected from
Diflufenican, Metribuzin,
Prosulfocarb, Tri-allate, Propisochlor,
S-Metolachlor, Pyroxasulfone,
Chlorotoluron, Cinmethylin
picolinafen, Metamitron, Bixclozone,
Clodinafop, Pinoxaden,
Thiencarbazone, Mesosulfuron,
lodosulfuron, and Aclonifen.

**30.** A use, method, locus or kit according to any preceding claims wherein the herbicide combination comprises a 45 third herbicide selected from the herbicides listed in aspects 26, 27, 28 and 29 and from ethofumesate. flufenacet and pendimethalin; preferably from ethofumesate, 50 flufenacet and pendimethalin.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

55



የአዕምሮ ውጤት የሆኑ የፈጠራ ሥራዎች እንደማንኛውም ቁሳዊ ንብረት ሀብቶች ናቸው!

#### አድራሻ

**ዋና መስሪያ ቤት**/Main office- አዲስ አበባ ካዛንችስ ወደ ዑራኤል በሚወስደው መንገድ ስልክ/Tel- 011 552 8000 (ዋና ዳይሬክተር ጽ/ቤት/ Director General Office) 011 552 7202 (harth กัว หาดๆการ์/ Communication Affairs Directorate)

ethiopianipauthority











ባህር ዳር ቅርንጫፍ ጽ/ቤት Bahirdar Branch office ስልክ/Tel- 058 226 6232 ア.ሳ.む/ P.O.box - 1764

ሀዋሳ ቅርንጫፍ ጽ/ቤት Hawasa Branch office ስልክ/Tel- 046 212 3510 ア.ሳ.ф/ P.O.box - 1307

ጅማ ቅርንጫፍ **ጽ/ቤት** Jimma Branch office ስልክ/Tel- 047 211 2198 ア.ሳ.む/ P.O.box - 780

